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Splunk SPLK-1003 exam is a certification exam that assesses the knowledge and skills of individuals in administering Splunk Enterprise. SPLK-1003 Exam is designed for IT professionals who have experience in deploying, managing, and troubleshooting Splunk Enterprise environments. The successful completion of the SPLK-1003 exam leads to the Splunk Enterprise Certified Admin certification.

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Splunk Enterprise Certified Admin Sample Questions (Q194-Q199):

NEW QUESTION # 194

Which of the following is accurate regarding the input phase?

- A. Applies event-level transformations.
- **B. Performs character encoding.**
- C. Fine-tunes metadata.
- D. Breaks data into events with timestamps.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Explanation

<https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Deploy/Datapipeline> "The data pipeline segments in depth. INPUT - In the input segment, Splunk software consumes data. It acquires the raw data stream from its source, breaks it into 64K blocks, and annotates each block with some metadata keys. The keys can also include values that are used internally, such as the character encoding of the data stream, and values that control later processing of the data, such as the index into which the events should be stored. PARSING Annotating individual events with metadata copied from the source-wide keys. Transforming event data and metadata according to regex transform rules."

NEW QUESTION # 195

The volume of data from collecting log files from 50 Linux servers and 200 Windows servers will require multiple indexers. Following best practices, which types of Splunk component instances are needed?

- A. Indexers, search head, deployment server, universal forwarders
- **B. Indexers, search head, deployment server, license master, universal forwarder**
- C. Indexers, search head, universal forwarders, license master
- D. Indexers, search head, deployment server, license master, universal forwarder, heavy forwarder

Answer: B

Explanation:

Indexers, search head, deployment server, license master, universal forwarder. This is the combination of Splunk component instances that are needed to handle the volume of data from collecting log files from 50 Linux servers and 200 Windows servers, following the best practices. The roles and functions of these components are:

Indexers: These are the Splunk instances that index the data and make it searchable. They also perform some data processing, such as timestamp extraction, line breaking, and field extraction. Multiple indexers can be clustered together to provide high availability, data replication, and load balancing.

Search head: This is the Splunk instance that coordinates the search across the indexers and merges the results from them. It also provides the user interface for searching, reporting, and dashboarding. A search head can also be clustered with other search heads to provide high availability, scalability, and load balancing.

Deployment server: This is the Splunk instance that manages the configuration and app deployment for the universal forwarders. It allows the administrator to centrally control the inputs.conf, outputs.conf, and other configuration files for the forwarders, as well as distribute apps and updates to them.

License master: This is the Splunk instance that manages the licensing for the entire Splunk deployment. It tracks the license usage of all the Splunk instances and enforces the license limits and violations. It also allows the administrator to add, remove, or change licenses.

Universal forwarder: These are the lightweight Splunk instances that collect data from various sources and forward it to the indexers or other forwarders. They do not index or parse the data, but only perform minimal processing, such as compression and encryption. They are installed on the Linux and Windows servers that generate the log files.

NEW QUESTION # 196

Which of the following is valid distribute search group?

A)

B)

```
[searchGroup:Paris]
default = false
servers = server1:8089, server2:8089
```

C)

```
[searchGroup:Paris]
default = false
servers = server1:9997, server2:9997
```

D)

```
[distributedSearch:Paris]
default = false
servers = server1:8089, server2:8089
```

- A. Option C
- B. option A
- **C. Option D**
- D. Option B

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 197

In a distributed environment, which Splunk component is used to distribute apps and configurations to the other Splunk instances?

- A. Forwarder
- B. Deployer
- C. Indexer
- **D. Deployment server**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Explanation

The deployer is a Splunk Enterprise instance that you use to distribute apps and certain other configuration updates to search head cluster members. The set of updates that the deployer distributes is called the configuration bundle.

<https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/8.1.3/DistSearch/PropagateSHCconfigurationchanges#:~:text=T>

<https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/8.0.5/Updating/Updateconfigurations> First line says it all: "The deployment server distributes deployment apps to clients."

NEW QUESTION # 198

How do you remove missing forwarders from the Monitoring Console?

- A. By rescanning active forwarders.
- B. By restarting Splunk.
- C. By reloading the deployment server.
- **D. By rebuilding the forwarder asset table.**

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 199

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