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SAP C-SEC-2405 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	Public Cloud User and Role Management: This section of the exam measures the skills of SAP IT cloud Professionals and covers managing users and roles in public cloud environments for SAP applications.
Topic 2	User Administration: This section of the exam measures the skills of SAP Administrators and covers user administration tasks within SAP systems. It includes managing user accounts, roles, and profiles efficiently. A critical skill evaluated is maintaining accurate user records to support security and compliance efforts.

Topic 3	• Infrastructure Security and Authentication: This section of the exam measures the skills of SAP IT Professionals and covers infrastructure security measures and authentication methods used in SAP environments. It emphasizes protecting systems from unauthorized access and ensuring secure user authentication.
Topic 4	• SAP Fiori Authorizations and SAP S • 4HANA: This section of the exam measures the skills of SAP Developers and covers authorization management specific to SAP Fiori applications within SAP S • 4HANA. It emphasizes configuring authorizations for Fiori apps to ensure appropriate access levels. A key skill assessed is understanding Fiori authorization concepts to enhance user experience.

SAP Certified Associate - Security Administrator Sample Questions (Q68-Q73):

NEW QUESTION # 68

Which optional components can be included when transporting a role definition from the development system to the quality assurance system? Note: There are 3 correct answers to this question.

- A. Direct user assignments
- B. Generated profiles of single roles
- C. Personalization data
- D. Indirect user assignments
- E. Generated profiles of dependent roles

Answer: A,B,C

Explanation:

When transporting a role definition from the development system to the quality assurance system in SAP, optional components that can be included are Direct user assignments, Generated profiles of single roles, and Personalization data. Direct user assignments link specific users to the role, allowing these assignments to be transported for testing purposes, though this is typically avoided in production to maintain centralized user management. Generated profiles of single roles, which contain the authorization data for the role, are included to ensure the role's permissions are correctly tested in the target system. Personalization data, such as user-specific settings or preferences, can also be transported to preserve role-specific configurations. Generated profiles of dependent roles are not typically included, as they relate to composite roles, and Indirect user assignments are managed separately, often via organizational structures. These optional components provide flexibility in role transport, ensuring that the quality assurance system accurately reflects the development environment while supporting secure and efficient role testing.

NEW QUESTION # 69

What does SAP Key Management Service (KMS) do to secure cryptographic keys? Note: There are 3 correct answers to this question.

- A. Generate keys
- B. Rotate keys
- C. Conceal keys
- D. Transmit keys
- E. Store keys

Answer: A,B,E

Explanation:

The SAP Key Management Service (KMS) provides robust mechanisms to secure cryptographic keys within SAP environments. It supports the generation of cryptographic keys, ensuring that keys are created with high entropy and adhere to security standards, which is critical for encryption and authentication processes. KMS also securely stores keys in a protected environment, safeguarding them against unauthorized access and ensuring availability for authorized applications. Additionally, KMS facilitates key rotation, allowing organizations to periodically update keys to mitigate risks associated with long-term key exposure, thereby enhancing security. While concealing or transmitting keys may be part of broader security practices, these are not primary functions of SAP KMS. Instead, KMS focuses on generating, storing, and rotating keys to maintain a secure cryptographic infrastructure, aligning with best practices for data protection and compliance in SAP systems.

NEW QUESTION # 70

What does a status text value of "Old" mean during the maintenance of authorizations for an existing role?

- A. Field values were unchanged and no new authorization was added.
- B. Field values were changed as a result of the merge process.
- C. Field values have not been changed.
- D. The field delivered with content was changed but the old value was retained.

Answer: A

Explanation:

In SAP role maintenance, a status text value of "Old" indicates that the field values for an authorization in an existing role were unchanged and no new authorizations were added. This status appears during PFCG role maintenance when comparing or updating authorizations, showing that the authorization object or field values have not been modified since the last maintenance and no additional permissions have been included. It reflects a stable state, ensuring that the role's existing permissions remain intact without unintended changes.

Option A is less precise, as it does not address the absence of new authorizations. Option B describes a scenario where changes were made but reverted, which is not "Old." Option C relates to merged authorizations, not the "Old" status. The "Old" status helps administrators confirm that no updates were applied, supporting consistent role management and preventing accidental modifications during maintenance in SAP systems.

NEW QUESTION # 71

You are building a PFCG role for access to an SAP Fiori app on your SAP S/4HANA on-premise system.

After you enter the catalog in the role menu, an entry for an OData service is missing and you have to add it manually to the role menu. When you maintain authorization data in the PFCG role, why does SAP recommend that you NOT maintain the SRV_NAME field value of the S_SERVICE authorization object manually?

- A. Because the SRV_NAME hash value for the front-end server component and back-end server component are different.
- B. Because the SRV_NAME hash value for the front-end server component and back-end server component are the same.
- C. Because the TADIR Service name for the back-end server component was automatically added to the role menu.
- D. Because the TADIR Service name is the same for the front-end server component and the back-end server component.

Answer: C

Explanation:

When building a PFCG role for an SAP Fiori app in an SAP S/4HANA on-premise system, SAP recommends not manually maintaining the SRV_NAME field value of the S_SERVICE authorization object because the TADIR Service name for the back-end server component is automatically added to the role menu when the catalog is included. The S_SERVICE authorization object is used to control access to OData services, and its SRV_NAME field contains a hash value specific to the service. When a catalog is added to the PFCG role, the system automatically populates the necessary OData service entries, including the TADIR Service name, in the role menu, ensuring consistency between front-end and back-end components. Manually maintaining the SRV_NAME field risks introducing errors, as the hash values are system-generated and complex. The front-end and back-end SRV_NAME hash values are typically different, ruling out options A and D, and option C is irrelevant to the automatic addition process. This automation simplifies role maintenance and ensures accurate authorization assignments for Fiori apps.

NEW QUESTION # 72

Where can you find information on the SAP-delivered default authorization object and value assignments?

Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. SU22
- B. SU24
- C. USOBT_C
- D. USOBT

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

Information on SAP-delivered default authorization objects and their value assignments can be found in transaction SU22 and table

NEW QUESTION # 73

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