

# Popular MuleSoft-Integration-Architect-I Exams | MuleSoft-Integration-Architect-I Exam Forum



P.S. Free & New MuleSoft-Integration-Architect-I dumps are available on Google Drive shared by DumpsMaterials:  
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1HT6WSYIGCWFWtpWa-YAbd6ttFN-wm5C->

Why you should trust DumpsMaterials? By trusting DumpsMaterials, you are reducing your chances of failure. In fact, we guarantee that you will pass the MuleSoft-Integration-Architect-I certification exam on your very first try. If we fail to deliver this promise, we will give your money back! This promise has been enjoyed by over 90,000 takes whose trusted DumpsMaterials. Aside from providing you with the most reliable dumps for MuleSoft-Integration-Architect-I, we also offer our friendly customer support staff. They will be with you every step of the way.

## Salesforce MuleSoft-Integration-Architect-I Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Designing for the Runtime Plane Technology Architecture: It includes analyzing Mule runtime clusters, designing solutions for CloudHub, choosing Mule runtime domains, leveraging Mule 4 class loader isolation, and understanding the reactive event processing model.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Applying DevOps Practices and Operating Integration Solutions: Its sub-topics are related to designing CI</li><li>CD pipelines with MuleSoft plugins, automating interactions with Anypoint Platform, designing logging configurations, and identifying Anypoint Monitoring features.</li></ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Initiating Integration Solutions on Anypoint Platform: Summarizing MuleSoft Catalyst and Catalyst Knowledge Hub, differentiating between functional and non-functional requirements, selecting features for designing and managing APIs, and choosing deployment options are its sub-topics.</li></ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Designing Integration Solutions to Meet Persistence Requirements: It addresses the usage of VM queues and connectors, object stores and services, and stateful components configured with object stores.</li></ul>
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Designing Automated Tests for Mule Applications: This topic covers unit test suites, and scenarios for integration and performance testing.</li></ul>
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Designing Integration Solutions to Meet Security Requirements: This topic emphasizes securing access to the Anypoint Platform and APIs, using Anypoint Security, counteracting security vulnerabilities, and understanding audit logging capabilities.</li></ul>

>> Popular MuleSoft-Integration-Architect-I Exams <<

## MuleSoft-Integration-Architect-I Exam Forum | MuleSoft-Integration-Architect-I Valid Real Test

Our MuleSoft-Integration-Architect-I exam questions have been designed by the experts after an in-depth analysis of the exam and the study interest and hobbies of the candidates. You avail our MuleSoft-Integration-Architect-I study guide in three formats, which can easily be accessed on all digital devices without any downloading any additional software. And they are also auto installed. It is very fast and convenient. Our MuleSoft-Integration-Architect-I learning material carries the actual and potential exam questions, which you can expect in the actual exam.

### Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Integration Architect I Sample Questions (Q79-Q84):

#### NEW QUESTION # 79

An IT integration delivery team begins a project by gathering all of the requirements, and proceeds to execute the remaining project activities as sequential, non-repeating phases.

Which IT project delivery methodology is this team following?

- A. Scrum
- B. Agile
- C. Kanban
- **D. Waterfall**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

The described approach of gathering all requirements upfront and proceeding through sequential, non-repeating phases is characteristic of the Waterfall methodology. Waterfall is a linear project management approach where each phase must be completed before the next one begins, and there is typically no going back to a previous phase once it is completed. This methodology is well-suited for projects with well-defined requirements and deliverables, but it can be inflexible if changes or new requirements arise during the project.

References:

\* Waterfall Model

\* Waterfall vs. Agile: Which is the Right Development Methodology for Your Project?

#### NEW QUESTION # 80

Anypoint Exchange is required to maintain the source code of some of the assets committed to it, such as Connectors, Templates, and API specifications.

What is the best way to use an organization's source-code management (SCM) system in this context?

- A. Organizations need to point Anypoint Exchange to their SCM system so Anypoint Exchange can pull source code when requested by developers and provide it to Anypoint Studio
- B. Organizations can continue to use an SCM system of their choice for branching and merging, as long as they follow the branching and merging strategy enforced by Anypoint Exchange
- C. Organizations should continue to use an SCM system of their choice, in addition to keeping source code for these asset types in Anypoint Exchange, thereby enabling parallel development, branching, and merging
- **D. Organizations need to use Anypoint Exchange as the main SCM system to centralize versioning and avoid code duplication**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

- \* Organization should continue to use SCM system of their choice, in addition to keeping source code for these asset types in Anypoint Exchange, thereby enabling parallel development, branching.
- \* Reason is that Anypoint exchange is not full fledged version repositories like GitHub.
- \* But at same time it is tightly coupled with Mule assets

#### NEW QUESTION # 81

According to MuleSoft, what is a major distinguishing characteristic of an application network in relation to the integration of systems, data, and devices?

- A. It leverages well-accepted internet standards like HTTP and JSON
- B. It uses CI/CD automation for real-time project delivery
- C. It is built for change and self-service
- D. It uses a well-organized monolithic approach with standards

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION # 82

What requires configuration of both a key store and a trust store for an HTTP Listener?

- A. Encryption of both HTTP request and HTTP response bodies for all HTTP clients
- B. Support for TLS mutual (two-way) authentication with HTTP clients
- C. Encryption of requests to both subdomains and API resource endpoints `https://aDi.customer.com/` and `https://customer.com/api`
- D. Encryption of both HTTP request header and HTTP request body for all HTTP clients

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

1 way SSL : The server presents its certificate to the client and the client adds it to its list of trusted certificate.

And so, the client can talk to the server.

2-way SSL: The same principle but both ways. i.e. both the client and the server has to establish trust between themselves using a trusted certificate. In this way of a digital handshake, the server needs to present a certificate to authenticate itself to client and client has to present its certificate to server.

\* TLS is a cryptographic protocol that provides communications security for your Mule app.

\* TLS offers many different ways of exchanging keys for authentication, encrypting data, and guaranteeing message integrity

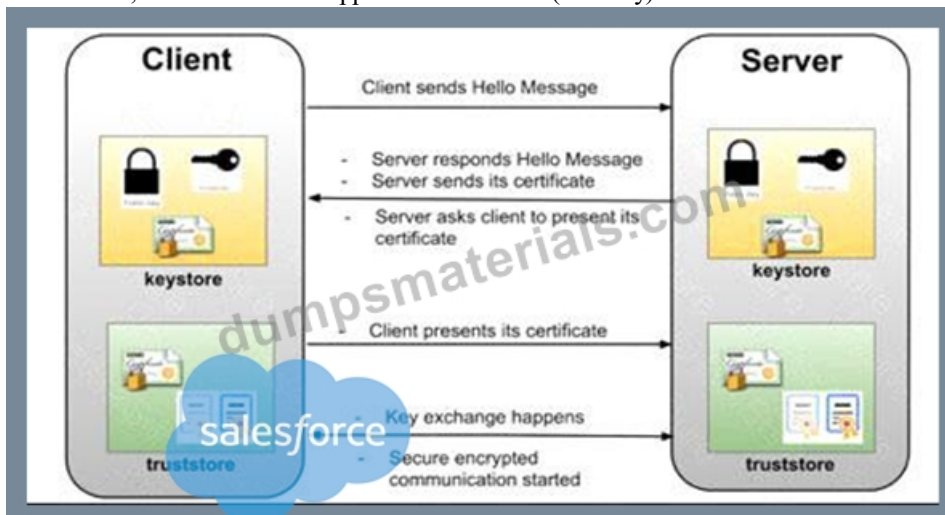
Keystores and Truststores Truststore and keystore contents differ depending on whether they are used for clients or servers:

For servers: the truststore contains certificates of the trusted clients, the keystore contains the private and public key of the server.

For clients: the truststore contains certificates of the trusted servers, the keystore contains the private and public key of the client.

Adding both a keystore and a truststore to the configuration implements two-way TLS authentication also known as mutual authentication.

\* in this case, correct answer is Support for TLS mutual (two-way) authentication with HTTP clients.



An organization is using Mulesoft cloudhub and develops API's in the latest version. As a part of requirements for one of the API's, third party API needs to be called. The security team has made it clear that calling any external API needs to have include listing As an integration architect please suggest the best way to accomplish the design plan to support these requirements?

- Answer: C**

• • • • •

[illegible]

myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt,  
myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, launchpad.net.in, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw,  
vxlxemito123.bloguetechno.com, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt,  
myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt,  
www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, backlogd.com, Disposable vapes

BONUS!!! Download part of DumpsMaterials MuleSoft-Integration-Architect-I dumps for free: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1HT6WSYIGCWFWtpWa-YAbd6ttFN-wm5C->