

# Prominent Features of ExamsLabs C\_ABAPD\_2309 Practice Test Questions

**C\_ABAPD\_2309**

Option D :

scounter will be joined to sairport first and the result will be joined with scarr.

**Correct Answer: A**

**Explanation/Reference:**

The order in which the join statements will be executed is scarr will be joined with scounter first and the result will be joined with sairport. This is because the join statements are nested from left to right, meaning that the leftmost data source is joined with the next data source, and the result is joined with the next data source, and so on. The join condition for each pair of data sources is specified by the ON clause that follows the data source name. The join type for each pair of data sources is specified by the join operator that precedes the data source name. In this case, the join operator is LEFT OUTER JOIN, which means that all the rows from the left data source are included in the result, and only the matching rows from the right data source are included. If there is no matching row from the right data source, the corresponding fields are filled with initial values. Therefore, the join statements will be executed as follows: First, scarr AS a will be joined with scounter AS c using the join condition a.carrid = c.carrid. This means that all the rows from scarr will be included in the result, and only the rows from scounter that have the same value for the carrid field will be included. If there is no matching row from scounter, the countnum field will be filled with an initial value. Second, the result of the first join will be joined with sairport AS p using the join condition p.id = c.airport. This means that all the rows from the first join will be included in the result, and only the rows from sairport that have the same value for the id field as the airport field from the first join will be included. If there is no matching row from sairport, the id field will be filled with an initial value. References: 1. join - ABAP Keyword Documentation

**QUESTION: 6**

Which of the following uses of SQL function SUBSTRING( ) returns the same result as LEFT( text\_field, 1)?

Option A :

SUBSTRING(text\_field, 1, 1 )

Option B :

SUBSTRING(text\_field, 1, 0 )

Option C :

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**SAP C\_ABAPD\_2309 Exam Syllabus Topics:**

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Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Core ABAP programming: This topic covers ABAP data types, the ABAP dictionary, modularization, exceptions SAP HANA database tables, and logical expressions, operator precedence.</li> </ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ABAP SQL and code pushdown: It discusses ABAP SQL, arithmetic expressions, manage dates, and create joins.</li> </ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>SAP clean core extensibility and ABAP cloud: The topic explains extension pattern, extension rules, ABAP cloud development, and ABAP cloud rules.</li> </ul>

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## SAP Certified Associate - Back-End Developer - ABAP Cloud Sample Questions (Q64-Q69):

### NEW QUESTION # 64

Class super has subclass sub. Which rules are valid for the sub constructor? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Events of your own instance cannot be raised before the registration of a handler in super.
- B. Import parameters can only be evaluated after calling the constructor of super.
- C. The method signature can be changed.
- D. The constructor of super must be called before using any components of your own instance.

**Answer: C,D**

Explanation:

The sub constructor is the instance constructor of the subclass sub that inherits from the superclass super. The sub constructor has some rules that it must follow when it is defined and implemented<sup>12</sup>. Some of the valid rules are:

\* The method signature can be changed: This is true. The sub constructor can have a different method signature than the super constructor, which means that it can have different input parameters, output parameters, or exceptions. However, the sub constructor must still call the super constructor with appropriate actual parameters that match its interface<sup>12</sup>.

\* The constructor of super must be called before using any components of your own instance: This is true.

The sub constructor must ensure that the super constructor is called explicitly using super->constructor before accessing any instance components of its own class, such as attributes or methods. This is because the super constructor initializes the inherited components of the subclass and sets the self-reference me-> to the current instance<sup>12</sup>.

You cannot do any of the following:

\* Import parameters can only be evaluated after calling the constructor of super: This is false. The sub constructor can evaluate its own import parameters before calling the constructor of super, as long as it does not access any instance components of its own class. For example, the sub constructor can use its import parameters to calculate some values or check some conditions that are needed for calling the super constructor<sup>12</sup>.

\* Events of your own instance cannot be raised before the registration of a handler in super: This is false.

\* The sub constructor can raise events of its own instance before calling the constructor of super, as long as it does not access any instance components of its own class. For example, the sub constructor can raise an event to notify the consumers of the subclass about some status or error that occurred during the initialization of the subclass<sup>12</sup>.

References: 1: Inheritance and Constructors - ABAP Keyword Documentation - SAP Online Help 2: Using Static and Instance constructor methods | SAP Blogs

### NEW QUESTION # 65

What are some of the reasons that Core Data Services are preferable to the classical approach to data modeling? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. They avoid data transfer completely.
- B. They compute results on the application server.
- C. They implement code pushdown.
- D. They transfer computational results to the application server.

**Answer: C,D**

Explanation:

Explanation

Core Data Services (CDS) are preferable to the classical approach to data modeling for several reasons, but two of them are: They implement code pushdown. Code pushdown is the principle of moving data-intensive logic from the application server to the database server, where the data resides. This reduces the data transfer between the application server and the database server, which improves the performance and scalability of the application. CDS enable code pushdown by allowing the definition of semantic data models and business logic in the database layer, using SQL and SQL-based expressions<sup>1</sup>.

They transfer computational results to the application server. CDS allow the application server to access the data and the logic defined in the database layer by using Open SQL statements. Open SQL is a standardized and simplified subset of SQL that can be used across different database platforms. Open SQL statements are translated into native SQL statements by the ABAP runtime environment and executed on the database server. The results of the computation are then transferred to the application server, where they can be further processed or displayed<sup>2</sup>.

References: 1: ABAP - Core Data Services (ABAP CDS) - ABAP Keyword Documentation 2: Open SQL - ABAP Keyword Documentation

### NEW QUESTION # 66

In a RESTful Application Programming application, in which objects do you bind a CDS view to create a value help? Note: There are 3 correct answers to this question.

- A. Service Definition
- B. Data model view
- C. Projection View
- D. Metadata Extension
- E. Behavior definition

**Answer: B,C,D**

Explanation:

In a RESTful Application Programming (RAP) application, you can bind a CDS view to create a value help in the following objects:

\* Data model view: A data model view is a CDS view that defines the data structure and the associations of an entity in the RAP application. You can use the annotation `@Consumption.valueHelpDefinition` to bind a value help provider CDS view to an element of the data model view. The value help provider CDS view must contain the key fields of the value help entity and the fields that are displayed in the value help dialog. The value help annotation specifies the entity name, the element name, and optionally the additional binding conditions for the value help provider<sup>1</sup>.

\* Metadata Extension: A metadata extension is a CDS view that extends the metadata of another CDS view without changing its data structure. You can use the annotation `@MetadataExtension.extendView` to specify the target CDS view that you want to extend. You can then use the same annotation

`@Consumption.valueHelpDefinition` to bind a value help provider CDS view to an element of the target CDS view. The metadata extension allows you to add value help definitions to existing CDS views without modifying them<sup>2</sup>.

\* Projection View: A projection view is a CDS view that defines the projection of another CDS view. You can use the annotation `@AbapCatalog.sqlViewType: #PROJECTION` to specify that the CDS view is a projection view. You can then use the same annotation `@Consumption.valueHelpDefinition` to bind a value help provider CDS view to an element of the projection view. The projection view allows you to add value help definitions to projected elements of another CDS view<sup>3</sup>.

You cannot bind a value help provider CDS view to a behavior definition or a service definition, because these objects do not define the data structure or the metadata of an entity in the RAP application. A behavior definition defines the behavior and the validation rules of an entity, such as the create, read, update, and delete (CRUD) operations, the draft handling, the authorization checks, and the side effects<sup>4</sup>. A service definition defines the service exposure and the service binding of an entity, such as the protocol, the version, the namespace, and the service name<sup>5</sup>.

References: 1: Value Help with Additional Binding | SAP Help Portal 2: Metadata Extensions - ABAP Keyword Documentation 3:

#### NEW QUESTION # 67

Given the following Core Data Services View Entity Data Definition:

```
1 @AccessControl.authorizationCheck: #NOT_REQUIRED
2 DEFINE VIEW ENTITY demo_cds_assoc_element
3   AS SELECT FROM scarr
4   ASSOCIATION OF ONE TO MANY demo_cds_assoc_spfli AS _spfli
5   ON scarr.carrid = _spfli.carrid
6   {
7     KEY carrid,
8   ?
9     carrname
10  }
```

The "demo\_ods\_assoc\_spfli" data source referenced in line #4 contains a field "connid" which you would like to expose in the element list.

Which of the following statements would do this if inserted on line #8?

- A. \_spfli.connid/
- B. demo\_ods\_assoc\_spfli.connid,
- C. demo\_ods\_assoc\_spfli-connid/
- D. spfli-connid,

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

The statement that can be used to expose the field "connid" of the data source "demo\_ods\_assoc\_spfli" in the element list is A. demo\_ods\_assoc\_spfli.connid,. This statement uses the dot notation to access the field

"connid" of the data source "demo\_ods\_assoc\_spfli", which is an association defined on line #4. The association

"demo\_ods\_assoc\_spfli" links the data source "demo\_ods" with the table "spfli" using the field

"carrid". The statement also ends with a comma to separate it from the next element in the list12.

You cannot do any of the following:

\* B. demo\_ods\_assoc\_spfli-connid/: This statement uses the wrong syntax to access the field "connid" of the data source "demo\_ods\_assoc\_spfli". The dash notation is used to access the components of a structure or a table, not the fields of a data source. The statement also ends with a slash, which is not a valid separator for the element list12.

\* C. spfli-connid,: This statement uses the wrong data source name to access the field "connid". The data source name should be "demo\_ods\_assoc\_spfli", not "spfli". The statement also uses the wrong syntax to access the field "connid", as explained above12.

\* D. \_spfli.connid/: This statement uses the wrong data source name and the wrong separator to access the field "connid". The data source name should be "demo\_ods\_assoc\_spfli", not "\_spfli". The statement also ends with a slash, which is not a valid separator for the element list12.

References: 1: ABAP CDS - SELECT, select\_list - ABAP Keyword Documentation - SAP Online Help 2: ABAP CDS - SELECT, from - ABAP Keyword Documentation - SAP Online Help

#### NEW QUESTION # 68

Given the following Core Data Services View Entity Data Definition

```
1 @AccessControl.authorizationCheck: #NOT_REQUIRED
2 DEFINE VIEW ENTITY demo_cds_data_source_matrix
3 AS SELECT FROM
4 <source>
5 {
6     KEY field_1,
7     field_2,
8     field_3
9 }
```

Which of the following types are permitted to be used for <source> on line #4? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. A database table from the ABAP Dictionary
- B. An external view from the ABAP Dictionary
- C. A CDS DDIC-based view
- D. A database view from the ABAP Dictionary

**Answer: A,C**

Explanation:

The <source> clause in the CDS View Entity Data Definition can be used to specify the data source for the view entity. The <source> clause can accept different types of data sources, depending on the type of the view entity1.

\* A database table from the ABAP Dictionary: This is a valid type of data source for a CDS View Entity Data Definition. A database table from the ABAP Dictionary is a table that is defined in the ABAP Dictionary using the keyword TABLE or TABLE OF. The name of the database table must be unique within its namespace and must not contain any special characters2.

\* A CDS DDIC-based view: This is also a valid type of data source for a CDS View Entity Data Definition. A CDS DDIC-based view is a view that is defined in the Core Data Services using the keyword DEFINE VIEW ENTITY. The name of the CDS DDIC-based view must be unique within its namespace and must not contain any special characters3.

You cannot do any of the following:

\* An external view from the ABAP Dictionary: This is not a valid type of data source for a CDS View Entity Data Definition. An external view from the ABAP Dictionary is a view that is defined in an

\* external application using any language supported by SAP, such as SQL, PL/SQL, or Java. The name of the external view must be unique within its namespace and must not contain any special characters4.

\* A database view from the ABAP Dictionary: This is not a valid type of data source for a CDS View Entity Data Definition. A database view from the ABAP Dictionary is a view that is defined in an external application using any language supported by SAP, such as SQL, PL/SQL, or Java. The name of the database view must be unique within its namespace and must not contain any special characters4.

References: 1: CDS DDL - DEFINE VIEW ENTITY - ABAP Keyword Documentation - SAP Online Help 2:

ABAP Dictionary Tables - SAP Online Help 3: CDS DDL - DEFINE VIEW ENTITY - ABAP Keyword Documentation - SAP Online Help 4: ABAP Dictionary Views - SAP Online Help

## NEW QUESTION # 69

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