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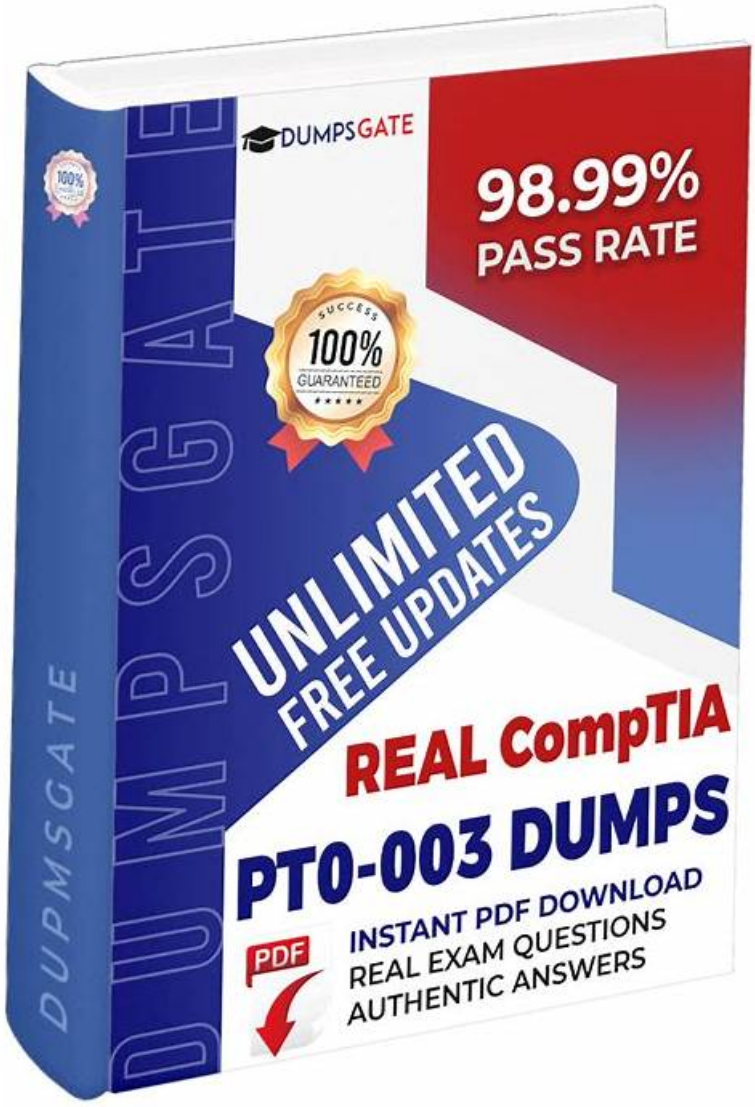


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## PT0-003 Associate Level Exam, PT0-003 Valid Exam Question

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## CompTIA PT0-003 Exam Syllabus Topics:

| Topic | Details |
|---|---|
| Topic 1 | • Attacks and Exploits: This extensive topic trains cybersecurity analysts to analyze data and prioritize attacks. Analysts will learn how to conduct network, authentication, host-based, web application, cloud, wireless, and social engineering attacks using appropriate tools. Understanding specialized systems and automating attacks with scripting will also be emphasized. |
| Topic 2 | • Engagement Management: In this topic, cybersecurity analysts learn about pre-engagement activities, collaboration, and communication in a penetration testing environment. The topic covers testing frameworks, methodologies, and penetration test reports. It also explains how to analyze findings and recommend remediation effectively within reports, crucial for real-world testing scenarios. |
| Topic 3 | • Post-exploitation and Lateral Movement: Cybersecurity analysts will gain skills in establishing and maintaining persistence within a system. This topic also covers lateral movement within an environment and introduces concepts of staging and exfiltration. Lastly, it highlights cleanup and restoration activities, ensuring analysts understand the post-exploitation phase's responsibilities. |
| Topic 4 | • Vulnerability Discovery and Analysis: In this section, cybersecurity analysts will learn various techniques to discover vulnerabilities. Analysts will also analyze data from reconnaissance, scanning, and enumeration phases to identify threats. Additionally, it covers physical security concepts, enabling analysts to understand security gaps beyond just the digital landscape. |
| Topic 5 | • Reconnaissance and Enumeration: This topic focuses on applying information gathering and enumeration techniques. Cybersecurity analysts will learn how to modify scripts for reconnaissance and enumeration purposes. They will also understand which tools to use for these stages, essential for gathering crucial information before performing deeper penetration tests. |

## CompTIA PenTest+ Exam Sample Questions (Q130-Q135):

**NEW QUESTION # 130**
A penetration tester is reviewing the following DNS reconnaissance results for comptia.org from dig:
comptia.org. 3569 IN MX comptia.org-mail.protection.outlook.com. comptia.org. 3569 IN A 3.219.13.186.
comptia.org.
3569 IN NS ns1.comptia.org. comptia.org. 3569 IN SOA haven. administrator.comptia.org. comptia.org.
3569 IN MX new.mx0.comptia.org. comptia.org. 3569 IN MX new.mx1.comptia.org.
Which of the following potential issues can the penetration tester identify based on this output?

- A. The NS record is not within the appropriate domain.
- B. There is a duplicate MX record.
- C. At least one of the records is out of scope.
- D. The SOA records outside the comptia.org domain.

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION # 131**
After successfully compromising a remote host, a security consultant notices an endpoint protection software is running on the host. Which of the following commands would be best for the consultant to use to terminate the protection software and its child processes?

- A. taskkill /PID <PID> /T /F
- B. taskkill /PID <PID> /IM /F
- C. taskkill /PID <PID> /S /U

- D. taskkill /PID <PID> /F /P

**Answer: A**

Explanation:
The taskkill command is used in Windows to terminate tasks by process ID (PID) or image name (IM). The correct command to terminate a specified process and any child processes which were started by it uses the
/T flag, and the /F flag is used to force terminate the process. Therefore, taskkill /PID <PID> /T /F is the correct syntax to terminate the endpoint protection software and its child processes.
The other options listed are either incorrect syntax or do not accomplish the task of terminating the child processes:
*/IM specifies the image name but is not necessary when using /PID.
*/S specifies the remote system to connect to and /U specifies the user context under which the command should execute, neither of which are relevant to terminating processes.
*There is no /P flag in the taskkill command.

**NEW QUESTION # 132**
PORT STATE SERVICE
135/tcp open msrpc
445/tcp open microsoft-ds
1801/tcp open msmq
2103/tcp open msrpc
3389/tcp open ms-wbt-server
Which of the following should be the next step for the tester?

- A. Search for vulnerabilities on msrpc.
- B. Execute a brute-force attack against the Remote Desktop Services.
- C. Execute a new Nmap command to search for another port.
- D. Enumerate shares and search for vulnerabilities on the SMB service.

**Answer: D**

Explanation:
The presence of SMB (port 445) and MSRPC (port 135) indicates potential Windows network services that could be vulnerable to misconfigurations or exploits.
* Enumerate shares and search for vulnerabilities on SMB (Option B):
* SMB (Server Message Block) allows file and printer sharing. Misconfigured or open shares could contain sensitive data.
* Tools like enum4linux or smbclient can be used to list available shares and check for anonymous access.
* SMB vulnerabilities (e.g., EternalBlue - CVE-2017-0144) can be exploited for remote code execution.

**NEW QUESTION # 133**
A penetration tester attempts unauthorized entry to the company's server room as part of a security assessment. Which of the following is the best technique to manipulate the lock pins and open the door without the original key?

- A. Bypassing
- B. Plug spinner
- C. Decoding
- D. Raking

**Answer: D**

Explanation:
Raking is a lock-picking technique used to manipulate the pins of a lock using a rake tool. Here's how it works:
Process:
The rake tool is inserted into the lock, and quick, repeated movements are made to move the pins into the correct position.
This technique is effective for many pin tumbler locks and is faster than single-pin picking.
Comparison to Other Options:
Plug Spinner: Used to reverse the direction of the lock cylinder after picking it. It is not used for the initial picking process.
Bypassing: Involves circumventing the locking mechanism entirely (e.g., shim, carding). This is not the same as picking.
Decoding: Used for combination locks and does not apply to pin tumbler locks.

CompTIA Pentest+ Reference:
Domain 3.0 (Attacks and Exploits)

**NEW QUESTION # 134**
Which of the following is the most efficient way to infiltrate a file containing data that could be sensitive?

- A. Compress the file and send it using TFTP
- B. Split the file in tiny pieces and send it over dnscat
- C. Use steganography and send the file over FTP
- D. Encrypt and send the file over HTTPS

**Answer: D**

Explanation:
When considering efficiency and security for exfiltrating sensitive data, the chosen method must ensure data confidentiality and minimize the risk of detection. Here's an analysis of each option:
* Use steganography and send the file over FTP (Option A):
* Explanation: Steganography hides data within other files, such as images. FTP is a protocol for transferring files.
* Drawbacks: FTP is not secure as it transmits data in clear text, making it susceptible to interception. Steganography can add an extra layer of obfuscation, but the use of FTP makes this option insecure.
* Compress the file and send it using TFTP (Option B):
* Explanation: TFTP is a simple file transfer protocol that lacks encryption.
* Drawbacks: TFTP is inherently insecure because it does not support encryption, making it easy for attackers to intercept the data during transfer.
* Split the file in tiny pieces and send it over dnscat (Option C):
* Explanation: dnscat is a tool for tunneling data over DNS.
* Drawbacks: While effective at evading detection by using DNS, splitting the file and managing the reassembly adds complexity. Additionally, large data transfers over DNS can raise suspicion.
* Encrypt and send the file over HTTPS (answer: D):
* Explanation: Encrypting the file ensures that its contents are protected during transfer. HTTPS provides a secure, encrypted channel for communication over the internet.
* Advantages: HTTPS is widely used and trusted, making it less likely to raise suspicion.
Encryption ensures the data remains confidential during transit.
* References:
* The use of HTTPS for secure data transfer is a standard practice in cybersecurity, providing both encryption and integrity of the data being transmitted.
Conclusion: Encrypting the file and sending it over HTTPS is the most efficient and secure method for exfiltrating sensitive data, ensuring both confidentiality and reducing the risk of detection.

**NEW QUESTION # 135**
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