

Quiz 2025 Cisco Useful 100% 300-410 Accuracy



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Cisco 300-410 certification exam is designed to validate the knowledge and skills of IT professionals who are responsible for implementing and managing advanced routing and services in Cisco enterprise networks. 300-410 exam covers a range of topics, including network architecture, routing protocols, VPNs, network security, and automation. Passing 300-410 exam demonstrates that the candidate has the expertise required to design, implement, and troubleshoot complex enterprise networks.

Cisco 300-410 Exam, also known as Implementing Cisco Enterprise Advanced Routing and Services, is a certification exam that is designed to test the skills of network engineers in implementing and managing advanced routing and services in enterprise environments. 300-410 exam is part of the Cisco Certified Specialist - Enterprise Advanced Infrastructure Implementation certification path.

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Cisco Implementing Cisco Enterprise Advanced Routing and Services Sample Questions (Q230-Q235):

NEW QUESTION # 230



```
R1
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
!
clock timezone EET 2 0
!
end
```

```
R1#show clock
*23:50:13.297 EET Sat Nov 14 2020

R1#
*Nov 14 21:49:59.607: IP: s=10.1.1.1 (local), d=224.0.0.5 (Ethernet0/0), len 80, local feature, Logical MN local(14), rtype 0,
forus FALSE, sendself FALSE, mtu 0, fwdchk FALSE
*Nov 14 21:49:59.607: IP: s=10.1.1.1 (local), d=224.0.0.5 (Ethernet0/0), len 80, sending broad/multicast
*Nov 14 21:49:59.607: IP: s=10.1.1.1 (local), d=224.0.0.5 (Ethernet0/0), len 80, sending full packet
*Nov 14 21:50:00.336: IP: s=10.2.2.4 (Ethernet0/1), d=224.0.0.5, len 80, rcvd 0
*Nov 14 21:50:00.336: IP: s=10.2.2.4 (Ethernet0/1), d=224.0.0.5, len 80, input feature, packet consumed, MCI Check(101),
rtype 0, forus FALSE, sendself FALSE, mtu 0, fwdchk FALSE
```

Refer to the exhibit. An engineer cannot determine the time of the problem on R1 due to a mismatch between the router local clock and logs. Which command synchronizes the time between new log entries and the local clock on R1?

- A. service timestamps log datetime msec show-timezone
- B. service timestamps debug datetime msec show.timezone
- C. service timestamps log datetime localtime msec
- D. service timestamps debug datetime localtime msec

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 231

An engineer configured Reverse Path Forwarding on an interface and noticed that the routes are dropped when a route lookup fails on that interface for a prefix that is available in the routing table. Which interface configuration resolves the issue?

- A. ip verify unicast source reachable-via rx
- B. ip verify unicast source reachable-via 12-src
- C. ip verify unicast source reachable-via any
- D. ip verify unicast source reachable-via allow-default

Answer: C

Explanation:

Explanation

According to this question, uRPF is running in strict mode because packets are dropped even when that route exists in the routing table. Maybe packets are dropped because the receiving interface is different from the interface the local router uses to send packets to that destination.

The ip verify unicast source reachable-via rx command enables Unicast RPF in strict mode.

To enable loose mode, administrators can use the any option (ip verify unicast source reachable-via any). In loose mode, it doesn't

matter if we use this interface to reach the source or not.



The allow-default option allows the use of the default route in the source verification process.

NEW QUESTION # 232

Refer to the exhibit.



An engineer is monitoring reachability of the configured default routes to ISP1 and ISP2. The default route from ISP1 is preferred if available. How is this issue resolved?

- A. Use the same AD for both default routes
- B. Start IP SLA by defining frequency and scheduling it
- C. Start IP SLA by matching numbers for track and ip sla commands
- D. Use the icmp-echo command to track both default routes

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference:

In the above configuration we have not had activated our IP SLA operation. We can start it with this command:

R1(config)#ip sla schedule 100 life forever start-time now

Also we should specify the rate of ICMP echo:

R1(config-ip-sla-echo)#frequency 5 // Send ICMP echo every 5 seconds

NEW QUESTION # 233

Refer to the exhibit.

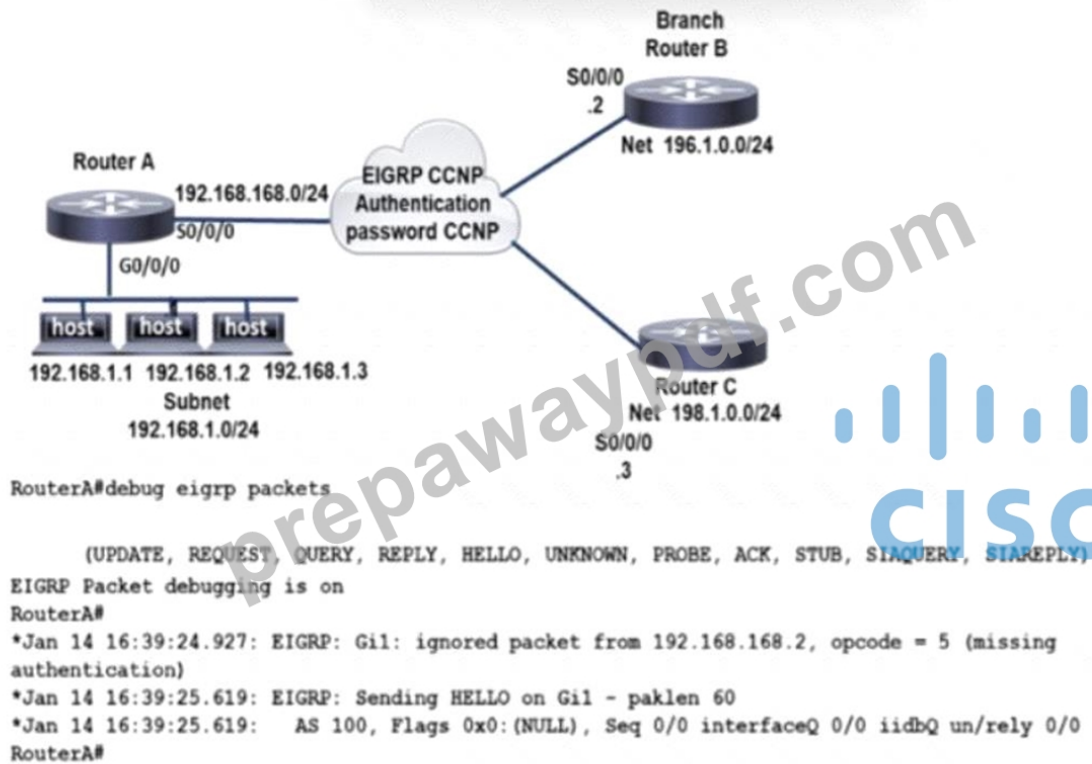
```
Router#show access-lists
Standard IP access list 1
    10 permit 192.168.2.2 (1 match)
Router#
Router#show route-map
route-map RM-OSPF-DL, deny, sequence 10
  Match clauses:
    ip address (access-lists): 1
  Set clauses:
  Policy routing matches: 0 packets, 0 bytes
Router#
Router#show running-config | section ospf
router ospf 1
  network 192.168.1.1 0.0.0.0 area 0
  network 192.168.12.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
  distribute-list route-map RM-OSPF-DL in
Router#
```

Which two actions should be taken to access the server? (Choose two.)

- A. Add a floating static route to reach to 192.168.2.2 with administrative distance higher than OSPF
- B. Modify distribute list seq 10 to permit the route to 192.168.2.2.
- C. Add a sequence 20 in the route map to permit access list 1.
- D. Modify the access list to add a second line of permit ip any
- E. Modify the access list to deny the route to 192.168.2.2.

Answer: A,E

NEW QUESTION # 234



Refer to the exhibit. The services at branch B are down. An engineer notices that router A and router B are not exchanging any routes. Which configuration resolves the issue on router B?

```

router eigrp 100
 network 192.168.168.0

key chain EIGRP
 key 1
  key-string CCNP

interface serial0/0/0
 ip address 192.168.168.2 255.255.255.0
 ip authentication mode eigrp 100 md5
 negotiation auto

```

- A.
- B.

```
router eigrp 100
  network 192.168.168.0
```

```
key chain CCNP
  key 1
    key-string EIGRP
```

```
interface serial0/0/0
  ip address 192.168.168.2 255.255.255.0
  ip authentication mode eigrp 100 md5
  ip authentication key-chain eigrp 100 EIGRP
  negotiation auto
```

- C.

```
router eigrp 100
  network 192.168.168.0
```

```
key chain EIGRP
  key 1
    key-string CCNP
```

```
interface serial0/0/0
  ip address 192.168.168.2 255.255.255.0
  ip authentication key-chain eigrp 100 EIGRP
  negotiation auto
```

- **D.**

- [illegible]

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