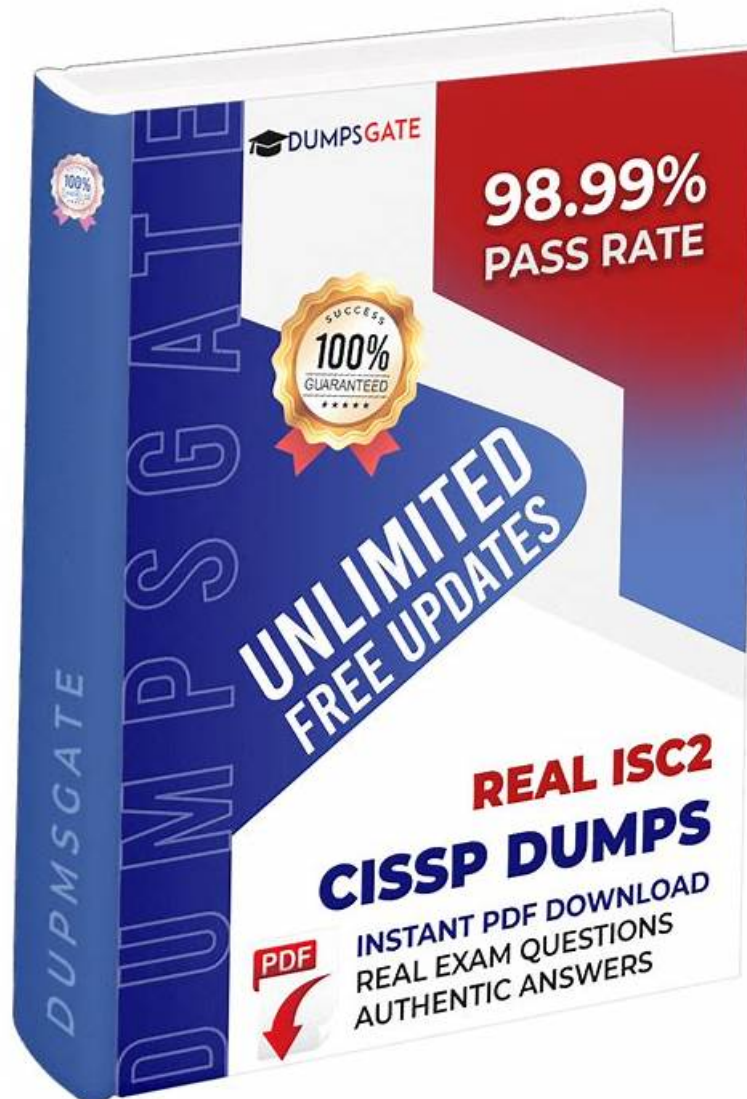


Real CDCS Dumps Free & Latest Test CDCS Simulations



P.S. Free & New CDCS dumps are available on Google Drive shared by Pass4Leader: https://drive.google.com/open?id=17hkEtdkfzE84kcAb37CEQEBnRjbPL_s

Life is full of choices. Selection does not necessarily bring you happiness, but to give you absolute opportunity. Once missed selection can only regret. Pass4Leader's EXIN CDCS exam training materials are necessary to every IT person. With this materials, all of the problems about the EXIN CDCS will be solved. Pass4Leader's EXIN CDCS exam training materials have wide coverage, and update speed. This is the most comprehensive training materials. With it, all the IT certifications need not fear, because you will pass the exam.

EXIN CDCS Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• Data Centre Environmental Considerations and Efficiency: This section evaluates the proficiency of data center professionals in addressing environmental factors and promoting efficiency within data center operations. The target audience, including data center managers and engineers, will be tested on their ability to identify and implement measures that enhance energy efficiency, cooling management, and sustainable practices.

Topic 2	• Designing and Implementing a Data Centre: In this module, the exam assesses the knowledge of Exin data center professionals tasked with the design and implementation of data centers. Candidates will learn the key principles of creating an efficient data center layout, including considerations for scalability, redundancy, and security.
Topic 3	• Data Centre Life Cycle and Standards: This section of the exam measures the skills of data center professionals and covers the various stages involved in the life cycle of a data center, from planning and design to implementation and decommissioning.

>> Real CDCS Dumps Free <<

2025 Accurate EXIN Real CDCS Dumps Free

Our CDCS test materials boost three versions and they include the PDF version, PC version and the APP online version. The clients can use any electronic equipment on it. If only the users' equipment can link with the internet they can use their equipment to learn our CDCS qualification test guide. They can use their cellphones, laptops and tablet computers to learn our CDCS Study Materials. The language is also refined to simplify the large amount of information. So the learners have no obstacles to learn our CDCS certification guide.

EXIN EPI Certified Data Centre Specialist Sample Questions (Q98-Q103):

NEW QUESTION # 98

The data center has been in operation for about 1 year and 2 months. The dust levels in the computer room are relatively high. What is the most likely root cause?

- A. The cleaning crew is not doing their work properly
- **B. Floorboards are most likely not fitted correctly**
- C. Low pressure in the computer room
- D. Every computer room has high dust levels due to constant high-speed air movement

Answer: B

Explanation:

High dust levels in a computer room are often due to improperly fitted floorboards. When floorboards are not securely installed or do not fit tightly, they allow dust and particles from the subfloor to enter the room. In a data center, this can lead to high levels of dust that affect air quality and equipment performance.

Detailed Explanation:

Raised floors in data centers can accumulate dust and debris, especially if the floorboards are not properly sealed. Loose or improperly fitted floorboards allow contaminants from the subfloor to enter the data center environment, increasing the dust levels over time. Proper installation and maintenance of floor panels are essential to prevent dust infiltration and maintain clean conditions.

EPI Data Center Specialist References:

EPI training emphasizes proper flooring installation and maintenance to control air quality within data centers. Correctly fitted floorboards prevent dust accumulation from the subfloor, which helps protect sensitive equipment and maintains a cleaner environment.

NEW QUESTION # 99

A computer room with a raised floor has been designed with racks in a hot/cold aisle setup. What should you recommend for the placement of down-flow air conditioners?

- A. Air conditioners should always be placed at both sides of each row of racks
- **B. Air conditioners perpendicular to (at the end of the row of) the Cold-Aisle**
- C. Air conditioner placement has no influence on cooling effectiveness and efficiency. Hence, they can be placed at any convenient location.
- D. Air conditioners perpendicular to (at the end of the row of) the Hot-Aisle

Answer: B

Explanation:

In a hot/cold aisle configuration, placing down-flow air conditioners perpendicular to the cold aisle ensures that cool air is directed efficiently into the cold aisles where server intakes are located. This layout allows for optimal cooling performance by aligning the airflow directly with the equipment intakes, minimizing hot spots and enhancing cooling efficiency.

Detailed Explanation:

With a raised floor design, cold air from the air conditioners is supplied into the cold aisle, where server intakes are located. Positioning the air conditioning units perpendicular to the cold aisles ensures that cool air is delivered directly into these aisles, preventing air mixing and optimizing cooling. This setup takes full advantage of the airflow management strategy inherent to the hot/cold aisle configuration.

EPI Data Center Specialist References:

EPI guidelines on cooling emphasize that down-flow air conditioners should be positioned to maximize the effectiveness of cold aisle delivery, which improves cooling efficiency and helps maintain consistent temperatures across server racks.

NEW QUESTION # 100

Racks with 1.0 m depth and cold aisle containment with 3 perforated tiles are used. What aisle pitch is recommended?

- A. 10 tiles pitch rule
- **B. 7 tiles pitch rule**
- C. 8 tiles pitch rule
- D. 5 tiles pitch rule

Answer: B

Explanation:

The aisle pitch is the total width of a rack row plus cold aisle plus rack row. For 1.0 m racks on each side with cold aisle containment, ASHRAE and TIA-942 recommend the 7-tile rule (each tile ~0.6 m). This ensures enough width for equipment clearance, airflow distribution, and human access.

* 5-tile pitch is too narrow, restricting containment effectiveness.

* 8-10 tiles may be used in some hyperscale layouts but are not standard for 1 m racks.

Thus, the correct design recommendation is the 7 tiles pitch rule.

References: ANSI/TIA-942-B §6.3.6 (Aisle Spacing), ASHRAE TC 9.9 "Airflow Management Best Practices."

NEW QUESTION # 101

What should be implemented when an Inergen-based fire suppression system is installed in the computer room?

- A. Gas tanks need to be within or close to the data center
- B. Proper water leak detection system
- **C. Pressure release valves in the data center**
- D. Drainage system under raised floor

Answer: C

Explanation:

Inert gas systems (Inergen, Argonite, Nitrogen) extinguish fires by reducing oxygen concentration through massive gas discharge. This rapid release causes a significant pressure rise inside the room. To avoid structural damage to walls, ceilings, or raised floors, pressure relief vents (pressure release valves) must be installed.

* A (drainage) applies to water suppression.

* B (tank location) is logistical but not mandatory; remote storage with piping is acceptable.

* D (water leak detection) is unrelated to inert gas suppression.

Therefore, the critical safety requirement is pressure relief.

References: NFPA 2001 §5.2.1.2 (Pressure Relief), ISO 14520-1 §5.2.

NEW QUESTION # 102

In order to save energy, you are going to install an automated system to switch off lights. What should be taken into consideration when installing such a system?

- A. Security guards should perform regular inspections verifying the system works.

- Answer: B**

• • • • •

BONUS!!! Download part of Pass4Leader CDCS dumps for free: https://drive.google.com/open?id=17hkEtdkfkE84kcAb37CEQEBnRjbPL_s