

Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I Sample Questions Answers - Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I Test Book



DOWNLOAD the newest GetValidTest Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I PDF dumps from Cloud Storage for free:
https://drive.google.com/open?id=11dE1-iegHUZjxUNw4j-uLhFWDSk_NH7s

The objective of Salesforce Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I is to assist candidates in preparing for the Salesforce Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I certification test by equipping them with the actual Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I questions PDF and Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I practice exams to attempt the Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I Exam successfully. The Salesforce Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I practice material comes in three formats, desktop Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I practice test software, web-based Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I practice exam, and Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I Dumps PDF that cover all exam topics.

Salesforce Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	Processing Records: Processing records includes methods for processing individual records in a collection and explaining how Mule events are processed by the For Each scope. It also involves using the Batch Job with Batch Steps and a Batch Aggregator.
Topic 2	Structuring Mule Applications: Structuring Mule applications covers parameterizing an application and defining and reusing global configurations. It includes breaking an application into multiple flows using private flows, subflows, and the Flow Reference component.
Topic 3	Designing APIs: Designing APIs involves describing the lifecycle of the modern API and using RAML to define various aspects of an API. It includes identifying when to use query parameters vs URI parameters, and defining API parameters.
Topic 4	Handling Errors: Handling errors includes describing default error handling in Mule applications and defining custom global default error handlers. It involves comparing On Error Continue and On Error Propagate scopes, creating error handlers for a flow, using the Try scope, and mapping errors to custom application errors.

Topic 5	Transforming Data with DataWeave: It involves writing DataWeave scripts and using DataWeave functions. This topic also includes defining and using DataWeave variables, functions, and modules, and applying correct syntax.
Topic 6	Creating Application Networks: The topic of creating Application Networks encompasses understanding MuleSoft's proposal for closing the IT delivery gap and describing the role and characteristics of the modern API. It also includes the purpose and roles of a Center for Enablement (C4E), and the benefits of API-led.

>> Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I Sample Questions Answers <<

Hot Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I Sample Questions Answers | Reliable Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I: Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Developer (Mule-Dev-201) 100% Pass

Under the tremendous stress of fast pace in modern life, sticking to learn for a Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I certificate becomes a necessity to prove yourself as a competitive man. Our Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I practice questions have been commonly known as the most helpful examination support materials and are available from global internet storefront. After years of unremitting efforts, our Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I Exam Materials and services have received recognition and praises by the vast number of customers. An increasing number of candidates choose our Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I study materials as their exam plan utility.

Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Developer (Mule-Dev-201) Sample Questions (Q103-Q108):

NEW QUESTION # 103

What is the trait name you would use for specifying client credentials in RAML?

- A. client-id
- B. headers
- C. cannot be specified in RAML
- D. client-id-required

Answer: D

Explanation:

client-id-required enforces clients to add client_id and client_secret.

Please refer to below steps.

Add a section called traits: at the root level to define query parameters:

traits:

- client-id-required:

queryParameters:

client_id:

type: string

client_secret:

type: string

2) Reference the trait in each of the methods to specify that each of the methods require these query parameters. After each method in the RAML file, add is: [client-id-required]. For example:

/users:

get:

is: [client-id-required]

description: Gets a list of JSONPlaceholder users.

NEW QUESTION # 104

Refer to the exhibit. APIKit is used to generate flow components for the RAML specification.

How many apikitrouter XML elements are generated to handle requests to every endpoint defined in the RAML specification?

```
orders:
  /orders:
    get:
    post:
  /order:
    get:
    patch:
  /reports:
    get:
```

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 105

Refer to the exhibits.

```
1 %dw 2.0
2 output application/xml
3 var conductorIds = [592,921]
4 ---
5 |
```

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
<trains>
  <train>
    <engineerId>592</engineerId>
  </train>
  <train>
    <engineerId>921</engineerId>
  </train>
</trains>
```

What DataWeave expression transforms the conductorIds array to the XML output?

- A. 1. 1. trains:
2. 2. conductorIds map ((engId, index) ->
3. 3. train: {
4. 4. engineerId: engId
5. 5. }
6. 6.)
- B. 1. 1. { trains:
2. 2.
3. 3. conductorIds map ((engId, index) ->
4. 4. train: {
5. 5. engineerId: engId
6. 6. }
7. 7.)
8. 8. }
- C. 1. 1. trains:
2. 2. {(
3. 3. conductorIds map ((engId, index) ->
4. 4. train: {
5. 5. engineerId: engId

6. 6. }
 7. 7.)
 8. 8.)}

- D. 1. 1. {(trains:
 2. 2.
 3. 3. conductorIds map ((engId, index) ->
 4. 4. train: {
 5. 5. engineerId: engId
 6. 6. }
 7. 7.)
 8. 8.)}

Answer: C

Explanation:

Points to remember:

- * XML must have a root element.
- * XML only allows one root element
- * To avoid multiple root issues, you must create a root element for the XML output, whenever we transform output
- * When mapping array elements (JSON or JAVA) to XML, wrap the map operations in {(..)}
- { } are defining the object

() are transforming each element in the array as a key/value pair

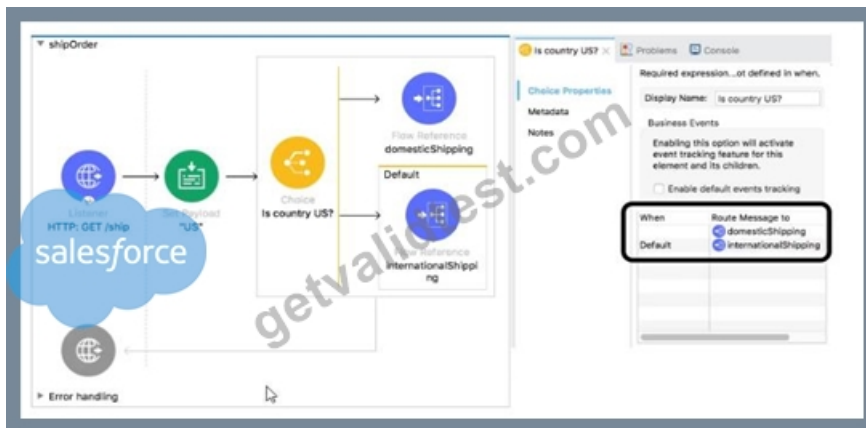
- * The transformation to XML would fail if the above mentioned considerations were not taken into account.
- * Thus the transformation script declares a root element as trains and wraps the data in "{()}".

Whenever you see such type of question, always look out for root element followed by {() } wrapping map.

I call this a "Wrap The Map" scenario. Hope it would help you remember !

NEW QUESTION # 106

Refer to the exhibit.



What is a valid expression for the Choice router's when expression to route events to the domesticShipping flow?

- A. #[if(payload = 'US') J
- B. #[if(payload == 'US')]
- C. 0#[payload = 'US']
- D. #[payload == 'US' J

Answer: D

Explanation:

Choice Router

The Choice router dynamically routes messages through a flow according to a set of DataWeave expressions that evaluate message content. Each expression is associated with a different routing option. The effect is to add conditional processing to a flow, similar to an if/then/else code block in most programming languages.

Only one of the routes in the Choice router executes, meaning that the first expression that evaluates to true triggers that route's execution and the others are not checked. If none of the expressions are true, then the default route executes.

Properties of <when>

PropertyDescription

Expression (expression)

Expression in DataWeave language to evaluate input.

If the expression evaluates to true, this routing option is used:

<when expression="#[vars.language == 'Spanish']">

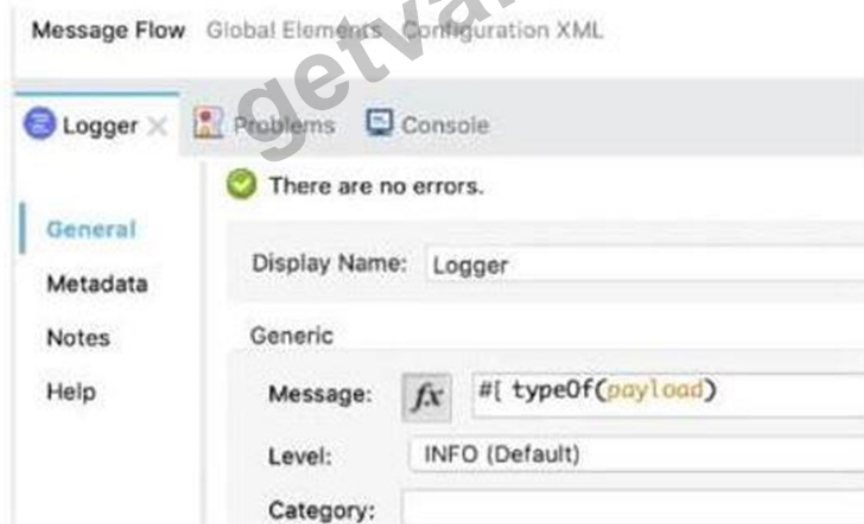
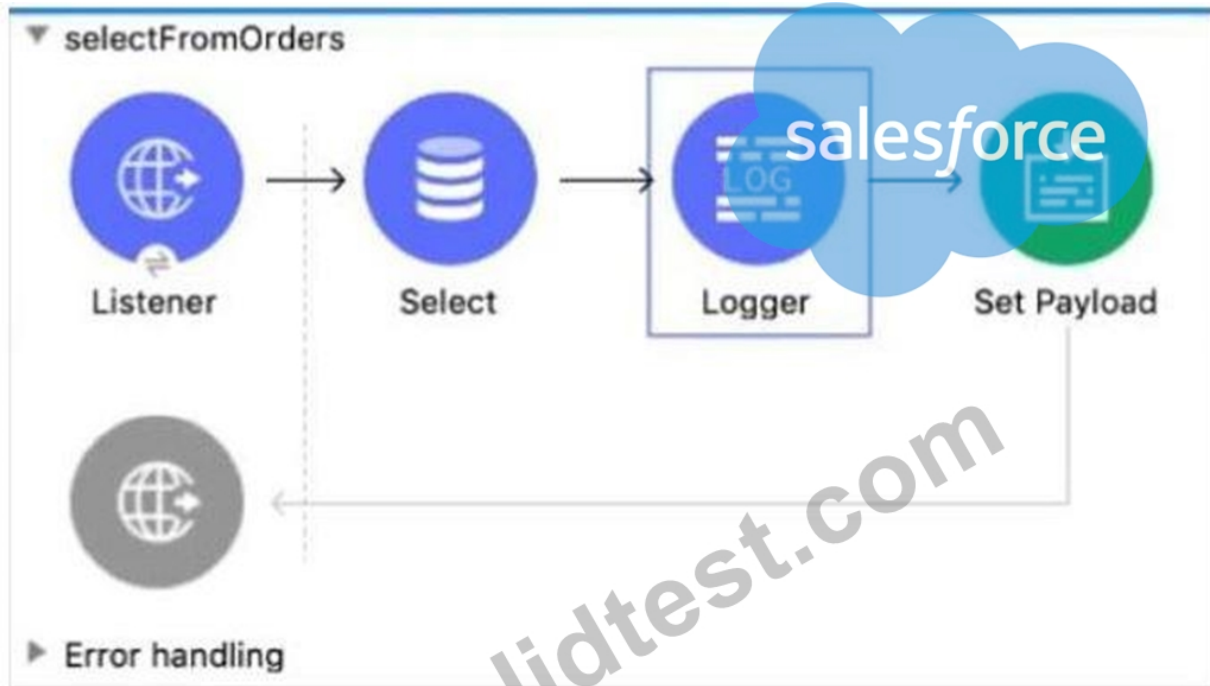
Mulesoft Doc Ref: <https://docs.mulesoft.com/mule-runtime/4.3/choice-router-concept> With respect to above information, Option 1 is the correct syntax as others are incorrect because of below reasons

* Single = is not the correct syntax to validate the condition. It should be ==

* If keyword is not required in when condition.

NEW QUESTION # 107

Refer to the exhibit. What is the output of logger component?



- A. String
- B. Array
- C. Map
- D. Object

Answer: B

Explanation:

Database always return rows as an array.

