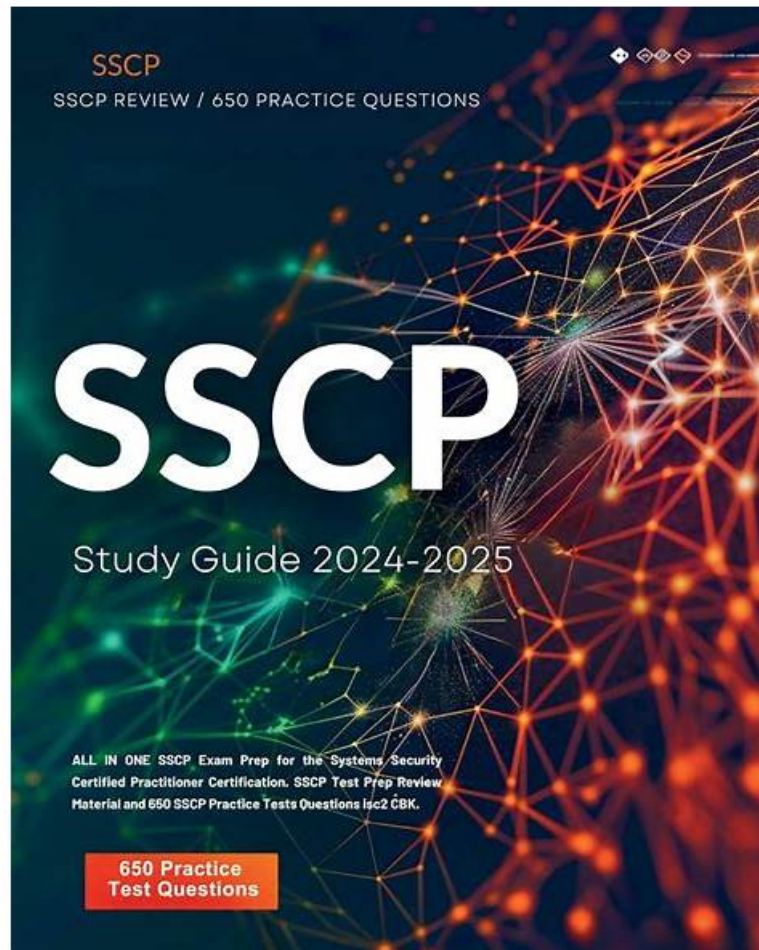


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## Risk Identification, Analysis, & Monitoring (15%):

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The System Security Certified Practitioner (SSCP) (SSCP) certification is a valuable credential that every ISC professional should earn it. The System Security Certified Practitioner (SSCP) (SSCP) certification exam offers a great opportunity for beginners and experienced professionals to demonstrate their expertise. With the System Security Certified Practitioner (SSCP) (SSCP) certification exam everyone can upgrade their skills and knowledge. There are other several benefits that the ISC SSCP exam holders can achieve after the success of the System Security Certified Practitioner (SSCP) (SSCP) certification exam.

## ISC System Security Certified Practitioner (SSCP) Sample Questions (Q473-Q478):

### NEW QUESTION # 473

Related to information security, the prevention of the intentional or unintentional unauthorized disclosure of contents is which of the following?

- A. Confidentiality
- B. capability
- C. Integrity
- D. Availability

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Explanation/Reference:

Confidentiality is the prevention of the intentional or unintentional unauthorized disclosure of contents.

Source: KRUTZ, Ronald L. & VINES, Russel D., The CISSP Prep Guide: Mastering the Ten Domains of Computer Security, 2001, John Wiley & Sons, Page 60.

### NEW QUESTION # 474

Which of the following is not a method to protect objects and the data within the objects?

- A. Layering
- B. Abstraction
- C. Data hiding
- D. Data mining

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Section: Security Operation Administration

Explanation/Reference:

Data mining is used to reveal hidden relationships, patterns and trends by running queries on large data stores.

Data mining is the act of collecting and analyzing large quantities of information to determine patterns of use or behavior and use those patterns to form conclusions about past, current, or future behavior. Data mining is typically used by large organizations with large databases of customer or consumer behavior. Retail and credit companies will use data mining to identify buying patterns or trends in geographies, age groups, products, or services. Data mining is essentially the statistical analysis of general information in the absence of specific data.

The following are incorrect answers:

They are incorrect as they all apply to Protecting Objects and the data within them. Layering, abstraction and data hiding are related concepts that can work together to produce modular software that implements an organizations security policies and is more reliable in operation.

Layering is incorrect. Layering assigns specific functions to each layer and communication between layers is only possible through well-defined interfaces. This helps preclude tampering in violation of security policy. In computer programming, layering is the organization of programming into separate functional components that interact in some sequential and hierarchical way, with each layer usually having an interface only to the layer above it and the layer below it.

Abstraction is incorrect. Abstraction "hides" the particulars of how an object functions or stores information and requires the object to be manipulated through well-defined interfaces that can be designed to enforce security policy. Abstraction involves the removal of characteristics from an entity in order to easily represent its essential properties.

Data hiding is incorrect. Data hiding conceals the details of information storage and manipulation within an object by only exposing well defined interfaces to the information rather than the information itself. For example, the details of how passwords are stored could be hidden inside a password object with exposed interfaces such as `check_password`, `set_password`, etc. When a password needs to be verified, the test password is passed to the `check_password` method and a boolean (true/false) result is returned to

indicate if the password is correct without revealing any details of how/where the real passwords are stored. Data hiding maintains activities at different security levels to separate these levels from each other.

The following reference(s) were used for this question:

Hernandez CISSP, Steven (2012-12-21). Official (ISC)2 Guide to the CISSP CBK, Third Edition ((ISC)2 Press) (Kindle Locations 27535-27540). Auerbach Publications. Kindle Edition.

and

Hernandez CISSP, Steven (2012-12-21). Official (ISC)2 Guide to the CISSP CBK, Third Edition ((ISC)2 Press) (Kindle Locations 4269-4273). Auerbach Publications. Kindle Edition.

### NEW QUESTION # 475

What kind of certificate is used to validate a user identity?

- A. Attribute certificate
- B. Root certificate
- C. Code signing certificate
- D. Public key certificate

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

In cryptography, a public key certificate (or identity certificate) is an electronic document which incorporates a digital signature to bind together a public key with an identity - information such as the name of a person or an organization, their address, and so forth. The certificate can be used to verify that a public key belongs to an individual.

In a typical public key infrastructure (PKI) scheme, the signature will be of a certificate authority (CA). In a web of trust scheme, the signature is of either the user (a self-signed certificate) or other users ("endorsements"). In either case, the signatures on a certificate are attestations by the certificate signer that the identity information and the public key belong together.

In computer security, an authorization certificate (also known as an attribute certificate) is a digital document that describes a written permission from the issuer to use a service or a resource that the issuer controls or has access to use. The permission can be delegated.

Some people constantly confuse PKCs and ACs. An analogy may make the distinction clear. A PKC can be considered to be like a passport: it identifies the holder, tends to last for a long time, and should not be trivial to obtain. An AC is more like an entry visa: it is typically issued by a different authority and does not last for as long a time. As acquiring an entry visa typically requires presenting a passport, getting a visa can be a simpler process.

A real life example of this can be found in the mobile software deployments by large service providers and are typically applied to platforms such as Microsoft Smartphone (and related), Symbian OS, J2ME, and others.

In each of these systems a mobile communications service provider may customize the mobile terminal client distribution (ie. the mobile phone operating system or application environment) to include one or more root certificates each associated with a set of capabilities or permissions such as "update firmware", "access address book", "use radio interface", and the most basic one, "install and execute". When a developer wishes to enable distribution and execution in one of these controlled environments they must acquire a certificate from an appropriate CA, typically a large commercial CA, and in the process they usually have their identity verified using out-of-band mechanisms such as a combination of phone call, validation of their legal entity through government and commercial databases, etc., similar to the high assurance SSL certificate vetting process, though often there are additional specific requirements imposed on would-be developers/publishers.

Once the identity has been validated they are issued an identity certificate they can use to sign their software; generally the software signed by the developer or publisher's identity

certificate is not distributed but rather it is submitted to processor to possibly test or profile the content before generating an authorization certificate which is unique to the particular software release. That certificate is then used with an ephemeral asymmetric key-pair to sign the software as the last step of preparation for distribution. There are many advantages to separating the identity and authorization certificates especially relating to risk mitigation of new content being accepted into the system and key management as well as recovery from errant software which can be used as attack vectors.

References:

HARRIS, Shon, All-In-One CISSP Certification Exam Guide, 2001, McGraw-Hill/Osborne, page 540.

[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Attribute\\_certificate](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Attribute_certificate)

[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Public\\_key\\_certificate](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Public_key_certificate)

#### NEW QUESTION # 476

- A. L2TP
- B. PPTP
- **C. LDAP**
- D. L2F

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION # 477

A \_\_\_\_\_ is an electronically generated record that ties a user's ID to their public key.

**Answer:**

Explanation:  
Certificate

#### NEW QUESTION # 478

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