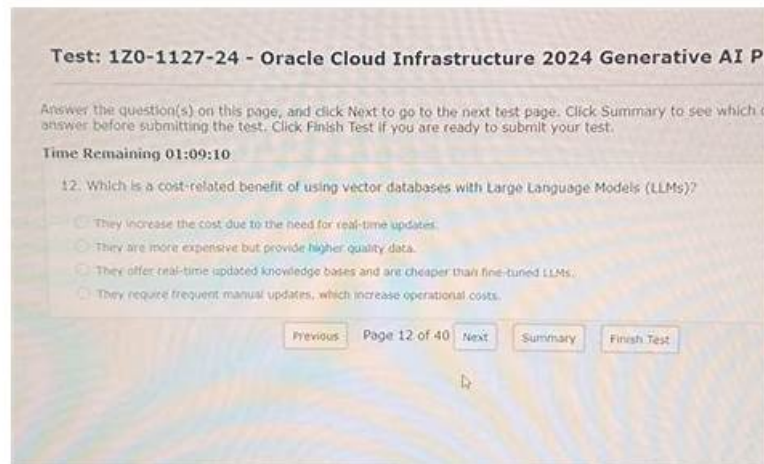


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>> Test 1Z0-1084-25 Result <<

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Oracle Cloud Infrastructure 2025 Developer Professional Sample Questions (Q53-Q58):

NEW QUESTION # 53

You encounter an unexpected error when invoking Oracle Functions from your Cloud Shell session named myfunction in the myapp application. Which option will get you more information on the error?

- A. `fn --debug invoke myapp myfunction`
- B. Contact Oracle support with your error message
- C. `fn --verbose invoke myapp myfunction`
- D. `DEBUG=1 fn invoke myapp myfunction`

Answer: D

Explanation:

The option that will get you more information on the error when invoking Oracle Functions from your Cloud Shell session is: "`DEBUG=1 fn invoke myapp myfunction`". Setting the environment variable `DEBUG=1` before invoking the function using the `fn` command allows you to enable debug mode, which provides more detailed information about the execution of the function. This can be useful for troubleshooting and understanding the root cause of the error. By using the command "`DEBUG=1 fn invoke myapp`

myfunction", the function invocation will be executed with debug mode enabled, and additional debug information will be displayed in the console output. This information can include stack traces, detailed error messages, and other relevant details that can help identify and resolve the issue. Using the verbose option (--verbose) or debug option (--debug) with the fn command may also provide additional information, but the specific behavior may depend on the version and configuration of the fn CLI tool. While contacting Oracle support with the error message is always an option, enabling debug mode using the DEBUG=1 environment variable provides immediate access to more detailed information and can help in diagnosing and resolving the error more efficiently.

NEW QUESTION # 54

You have created a repository in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Registry (OCIR) in the us-ashburn-1 (iad) region in your tenancy with the heyoci namespace. Which three are valid tags for an image named myapp? (Choose three.)

- A. iad.ocir.io/heyoci/myproject/myapp:0.0.1
- B. iad.ocir.io/heyoci/myapp:0.0.2-beta
- C. us-ashburn-1.ocir.io/heyoci/myapp:0.0.2-beta
- D. us-ashburn-1.ocir.io/heyoci/myproject/myapp:0.0.2-beta
- E. iad.ccir.io/heyoci/myapp:latest
- F. us-ashburn-1.ocir.io/myproject/heyoci/myapp:latest

Answer: A,D,E

Explanation:

(OPT) iad.ocir.io/myproject/heyoci/myapp:latest The three valid tags for an image named myapp in the heyoci namespace of the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Registry (OCIR) in the us-ashburn-1 (iad) region are: iad.ccir.io/heyoci/myapp:latest This tag specifies the latest version of the myapp image in the heyoci namespace in the iad region. iad.ocir.io/heyoci/myapp:0.0.2-beta This tag specifies version 0.0.2-beta of the myapp image in the heyoci namespace in the iad region. us-ashburn-1.ocir.io/heyoci/myapp:0.0.2-beta This tag specifies version 0.0.2-beta of the myapp image in the heyoci namespace in the us-ashburn-1 region. The other options mentioned are not valid tags for the given scenario: us-ashburn-1.ocir.io/heyoci/myapp:0.0.2-beta (incorrect format, missing the namespace) iad.ocir.io/myproject/heyoci/myapp:latest (incorrect format, incorrect order of namespace and project) us-ashburn-1.ocir.io/myproject/heyoci/myapp:latest (incorrect format, incorrect order of namespace and project) The correct format for tagging an image in OCIR is <region>.ocir.io/<namespace>/<repository>:<tag>.

NEW QUESTION # 55

You are creating an API deployment in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) API Gateway and you want to configure request policies to control access. Which is NOT available in OCI API Gateway?

- A. Enabling Cross-Origin Resource Sharing (CORS) support.
- B. Limiting the number of requests sent to the backend services.
- C. Controlling access to the backend OCI resources.
- D. Providing authentication and authorization.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The correct answer is: Controlling access to the backend OCI resources. OCI API Gateway does not provide direct control over access to backend OCI resources. It primarily focuses on managing and securing access to APIs exposed through the gateway. The gateway acts as a front-end for APIs and provides features such as authentication, authorization, rate limiting, and CORS support. While you can configure authentication and authorization policies, limit the number of requests, and enable CORS support in OCI API Gateway, it does not directly control access to backend OCI resources. Access to backend resources is typically managed through other means, such as IAM policies, network security rules, or resource-specific access controls.

NEW QUESTION # 56

You need to push a new Docker container image to a repository in the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) Registry. Which mechanism must you use to provide authentication?

- A. Generate an API signing key to complete the authentication via the Docker CLI.
- B. Generate an API signing key to complete the authentication via the OCI CLI.
- C. Generate an Auth Token to complete the authentication via the Docker CLI.

- D. Generate an Auth Token to complete the authentication via the OCI CLI.

Answer: C

Explanation:

To push a new Docker container image to a repository in OCI Registry, you need to use an Auth Token to complete the authentication via the Docker CLI¹. An Auth Token is a secure, auto-generated password that you can use to authenticate with OCI services such as OCI Registry¹. You can generate an Auth Token in the Console by following these steps¹:

In the top-right corner of the Console, open the Profile menu and then click User settings to view the details.

On the Auth Tokens page, click Generate Token.

Enter a friendly description for the auth token. Avoid entering confidential information.

Click Generate Token. The new auth token is displayed.

Copy the auth token immediately to a secure location from where you can retrieve it later, because you won't see the auth token again in the Console.

Close the Generate Token dialog. After generating an Auth Token, you need to log in to OCI Registry by entering docker login <region-key>.ocir.io in a terminal window on the client machine running Docker, where <region-key> corresponds to the key for the OCI Registry region you're using¹. When prompted for a username, enter your username in the format <tenancy-namespace>/<username>, where <tenancy-namespace> is the auto-generated Object Storage namespace string of your tenancy¹. When prompted for a password, enter the Auth Token you copied earlier¹.

NEW QUESTION # 57

As a Cloud Native developer, you have written a web service for your company. However, your security team has suggested that your web service should address Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) attack. You are time-constrained and you need to ensure that this is implemented as soon as possible. What should you do in this scenario? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Use the OCI Virtual Cloud Network (VCN) segregation to control DDoS.
- B. Re-write your web service and implement rate limiting.
- **C. Use the OCI API Gateway service and configure rate limiting.**
- D. Use a third party service integration to Implement DDoS attack mitigation.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The correct answer in this scenario is to use the OCI API Gateway service and configure rate limiting. Using the OCI API Gateway service and configuring rate limiting is an effective approach to address Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) attacks. By implementing rate limiting, you can control the number of requests that can be made to your web service within a specific time frame. This helps to prevent overload and ensures that your service can handle legitimate traffic while mitigating the impact of DDoS attacks. By leveraging the OCI API Gateway service, you can easily configure rate limiting rules to restrict the number of requests per second or per minute. This allows you to set appropriate thresholds and safeguard your web service from being overwhelmed by excessive requests. The API Gateway acts as a protective layer, filtering out malicious traffic and ensuring the smooth operation of your service. While options like OCI Virtual Cloud Network (VCN) segregation and third-party service integrations may contribute to overall security, they do not specifically address DDoS attacks as efficiently as rate limiting. VCN segregation focuses more on network segmentation and isolation, while third-party service integration may introduce additional dependencies and complexities. Re-writing your web service and implementing rate limiting is a viable option, but it may not be feasible considering the time constraints mentioned. Leveraging the OCI API Gateway service provides a quicker and easier solution to implement DDoS attack mitigation through rate limiting.

NEW QUESTION # 58

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