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IDPX PRACTICE TEST - 85 QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

What is the MOST important reason to include expert experiential knowledge from an architectural consultant firm?
A-They provide experimental data on research studies
B-They bring project-based observations and insights
C-They have access to a network of professionals
D-They have access to a database of resources

B- They bring project-based observations and insights.

Which of the following is an advantage of the full wall schedule technique over other scheduling techniques?
A-Bar charts are simple to make and understand and are suitable for all project sizes.
B-Each activity is given a starting and finishing date, and overlaps are indicated by overlapping bars for each activity.
C-This schedule graphically depicts all the tasks required to complete a project, the sequence in which they must occur, their duration, the earliest or latest possible starting time, and the earliest or latest possible finishing time.
D-This schedule serves as a starting point for discussion among everyone on the project team and becomes a collaborative, interactive exercise until an agreement is reached.

D-This schedule serves as a starting point for discussion among everyone on the project team and becomes a collaborative, interactive exercise until an agreement is reached.

What are the differences between GANNT/BAR CHART, CPM CHART (critical path method), and FULL WALL SCHEDULE?

The Gantt or bar chart is simple to make and understand. In this method each activity is given a starting and finishing date and overlaps in the activity timeframe are illustrated by the overlapping bars.

A CPM or Critical Path Method chart depicts all the tasks required required to complete a project, the sequence in which they must occur, their duration, the earliest or latest possible starting time, and the earliest or latest possible finishing time.

A full wall schedule involves all members of the design and construction team, including the client, to create an interactive and collaborative schedule that all members can adjust as needed until all parties are in agreement. At that point, the schedule can then be copied down to a smaller format and shared by all members of the team.

Most people are nervous and anxious to take part in the IDPX exam for the first time. Then it is easy for them to make mistakes. So it is important to get familiar with the real test environment. Also, the real test environment of the IDPX Study Materials can help you control time. After all, you must submit your practice in limited time in IDPX practice materials. Trust in our IDPX training guide, and you will get success for sure.

CIDQ IDPX Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• Project Process, Roles, and Coordination: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Project Design Manager and focuses on team roles, stakeholder engagement, budgeting, project timelines, and collaboration with allied professionals. It also includes managing deliverables, specifications, phased construction, and conducting post-occupancy evaluations.
Topic 2	• Contract Administration: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Construction Administrator and covers documentation and communication processes such as RFIs, change orders, transmittals, field reports, and punch lists. It also includes managing site visits, shop drawings, project meetings, and contractor payment processes.

Topic 3	• Integration with Building Systems and Construction: This section of the exam measures skills of a Building Systems Coordinator and involves applying knowledge of structural, mechanical, plumbing, electrical, fire protection, lighting, and acoustical systems. It also includes coordinating with ceiling plans, installation sequencing, and understanding building components and transport systems.
Topic 4	• Integration of Furniture, Fixtures, & Equipment: This section of the exam measures the skills of a FF&E Specialist and focuses on selecting and integrating furniture and equipment. It includes understanding product types, code compliance, maintenance requirements, procurement, installation processes, and cost estimation methods.
Topic 5	• Professional Business Practices: This section of the exam measures skills of an Interior Design Consultant and addresses business structures, scope of practice, proposals, contracts, and basic project accounting. It prepares candidates to understand legal obligations, manage finances, and structure project proposals professionally.
Topic 6	• Code Requirements, Laws, Standards, and Regulations: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Regulatory Compliance Specialist and covers environmental regulations, accessibility standards, building codes, and zoning laws. It also addresses understanding jurisdictional permit processes and legal implications for design compliance.

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CIDQ Interior Design Professional Exam Sample Questions (Q93-Q98):

NEW QUESTION # 93
What is the MAXIMUM occupant load of a business occupancy with one exit?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

Answer: A

Explanation:
Per IBC Section 1006.2.1, a business occupancy (Group B) with one exit is limited to 50 occupants, based on Table 1006.2.1, assuming a sprinklered building and 100 sf/person (gross). Above 50, a second exit is required for life safety. Option A (49) is a common assembly limit, not business. Options C (69) and D (70) exceed the code maximum. 50 (B) is the precise threshold for one-exit business spaces.
Verified Answer from Official Source:B - 50
"The maximum occupant load for a business occupancy with one exit is 50 per IBC Table 1006.2.1." (NCIDQ IDPX Study Guide, Section 1: Codes and Standards) Explanation from Official Source:The NCIDQ references IBC to ensure designers limit occupant loads for safe egress in single-exit scenarios, critical for business settings.
Objectives:
* Calculate occupant loads (IDPX Objective 1.2).

NEW QUESTION # 94
What is the allowable reach range for an obstructed side reach over a kitchen counter?

- A. 18" [457 mm] to 48" [1219 mm]
- B. 34" [914 mm] to 46" [1168 mm]
- C. 15" [381 mm] to 48" [1219 mm]

Answer: C

Explanation:
The NCIDQ IDPX exam tests the designer's knowledge of accessibility standards, specifically the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) guidelines, which are referenced for designing accessible spaces like kitchens.
The allowable reach range for an obstructed side reach over a kitchen counter ensures that individuals using wheelchairs can access controls or items.
* ADA Requirements:According to the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design, Section 308.3, the allowable reach range for an obstructed side reach (e.g., over a counter) is 15 inches (380 mm) minimum to 48 inches (1220 mm) maximum above the finished floor. An obstructed side reach occurs when a person in a wheelchair must reach over an obstacle, such as a counter, to access an element. The counter depth cannot exceed 24 inches (610 mm) for this range to apply, which is typical for a kitchen counter.
* Option A (34" [914 mm] to 46" [1168 mm]):This range aligns with an unobstructed side reach (per ADA Section 308.2), not an obstructed reach over a counter. For an unobstructed side reach, the maximum height is 48 inches, but the minimum is not 34 inches, and this does not apply to an obstructed scenario.
* Option B (15" [381 mm] to 48" [1219 mm]):This matches the ADA requirement for an obstructed side reach over a counter, making it the correct choice. The range ensures that controls or items are within reach for a person in a wheelchair.
* Option C (18" [457 mm] to 48" [1219 mm]):The minimum of 18 inches is too high; the ADA specifies 15 inches as the minimum for an obstructed side reach to ensure accessibility for individuals with limited reach capabilities.
Correction of Typographical Error:
The original question lists only three options (A, B, C), but the NCIDQ format typically includes four options (A, B, C, D). The missing Option D does not affect the answer, as Option B is clearly the correct choice based on the given options. For completeness, a potential Option D might be something like "24" [610 mm] to 54"
[1372 mm]," which would be incorrect per ADA standards.
Verified Answer from Official Source:
The correct answer is verified from the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design, as referenced in NCIDQ IDPX study materials.
"Where a clear floor space allows a parallel approach to an element and the high side reach is over an obstruction, the height of the obstruction shall be 34 inches (865 mm) maximum and the depth of the obstruction shall be 24 inches (610 mm) maximum. The high side reach shall be 48 inches (1220 mm) maximum for a reach depth of 10 inches (255 mm) maximum. The low side reach shall be 15 inches (380 mm) minimum." (2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design, Section 308.3) The 2010 ADA Standards specify that for an obstructed side reach over a counter, the allowable range is 15 inches to 48 inches above the finished floor, assuming the counter depth is within the allowable limit (24 inches). Option B matches this requirement, making it the correct answer.
Objectives:
* Understand accessibility requirements for reach ranges (NCIDQ IDPX Objective: Codes and Standards).
* Apply ADA guidelines to ensure inclusive design in kitchens (NCIDQ IDPX Objective: Building Regulations).

NEW QUESTION # 95
What is the MOST cost-effective way to locate plumbing fixtures in a commercial building renovation?

- A. Place plumbing fixtures as close to existing plumbing lines as possible
- B. Install plumbing fixtures by vertical penetrations
- C. Locate plumbing fixtures on the exterior walls of the building
- D. Place plumbing fixtures in the axis of the building

Answer: A

Explanation:
In renovations, minimizing new plumbing runs reduces labor, material costs, and disruption to existing structures. Placing fixtures near existing plumbing lines (D) leverages current infrastructure, avoiding extensive rerouting or new penetrations. Option A (vertical penetrations) may work in new construction but could require costly core drilling in renovations. Option B (axis of the building) is vague and not inherently cost-effective. Option C (exterior walls) often increases piping distance from existing systems, raising costs. Proximity to existing lines is the most economical approach.
Verified Answer from Official Source:D - Place plumbing fixtures as close to existing plumbing lines as possible
"In renovations, locating plumbing fixtures near existing lines is the most cost-effective strategy, minimizing new piping and structural modifications." (NCIDQ IDPX Study Guide, Section 2: Building Systems) Explanation from Official Source:The NCIDQ emphasizes cost efficiency in renovations by reusing existing systems, a practical approach to managing budget constraints.

Objectives:
* Optimize building systems for cost efficiency (IDPX Objective 2.9).

NEW QUESTION # 96

When does a project team gather information about a company's culture, mission, values, and business goals to understand possible challenges for a new workplace environment?

- A. programming
- B. design development
- C. schematic design
- D. client interview

Answer: A

Explanation:
Programming is the initial phase of the design process where the team collects detailed information about the client's needs, including culture, mission, values, and goals, to define the project scope and identify challenges. Client interviews (B) are part of programming but not the full phase. Schematic design (C) begins conceptual layouts based on programming data, not data collection. Design development (D) refines designs, well after initial information gathering. Programming is the correct phase for this foundational step.
Verified Answer from Official Source:A - programming
"During programming, the project team gathers information on the client's culture, mission, values, and goals to establish the project requirements and anticipate challenges." (NCIDQ IDPX Study Guide, Section 2:
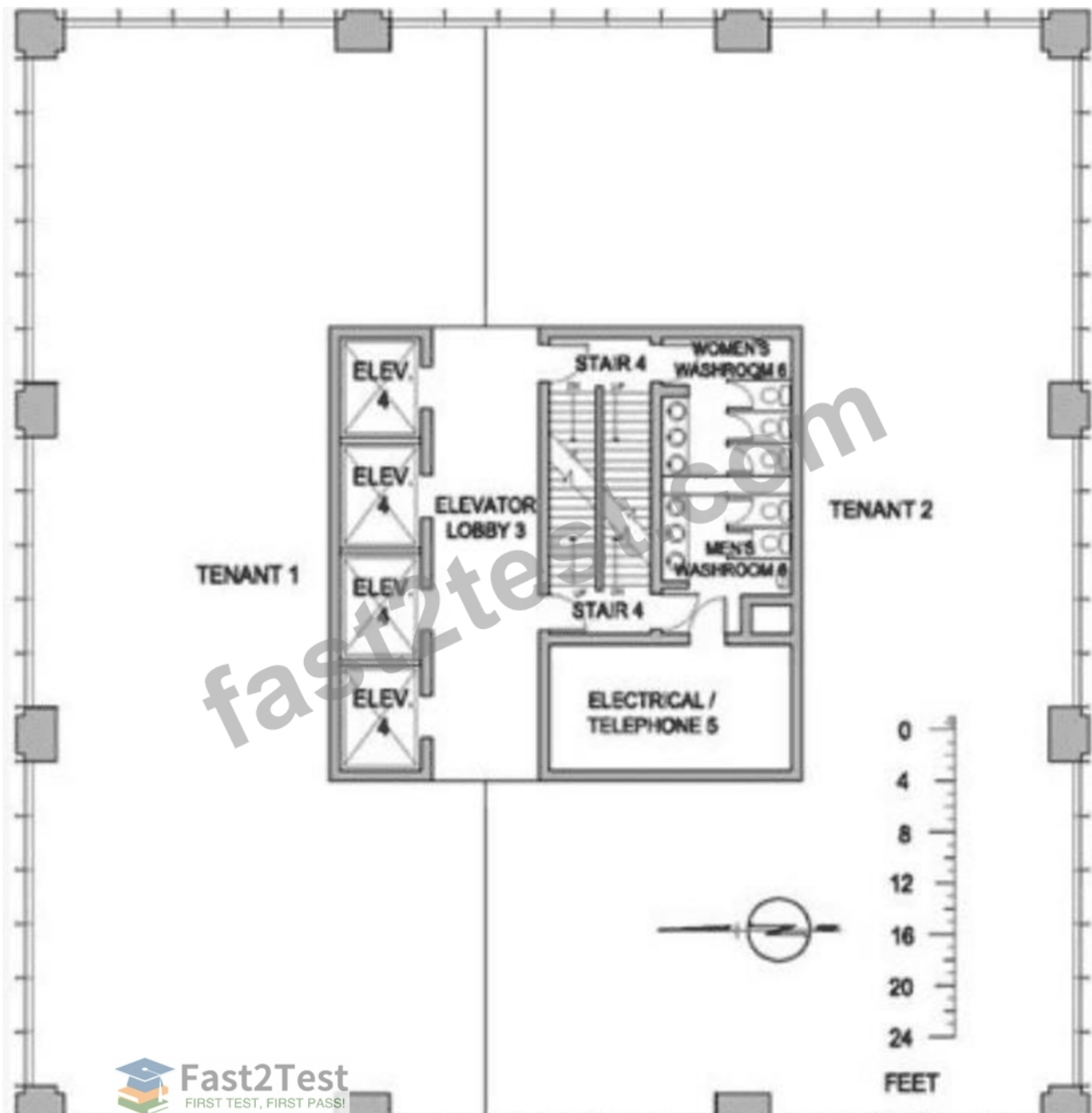Project Coordination)
Explanation from Official Source:The NCIDQ defines programming as the research phase critical to aligning the design with client identity and operational needs, setting the stage for all subsequent work.
Objectives:
* Conduct programming for project planning (IDPX Objective 2.1).

NEW QUESTION # 97

On a multi-tenant floor, what is the usable area when calculating square footage according to Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) standards?

- A. Tenant 1 and Tenant 2
- B. Tenant 1, Tenant 2, and Electrical/Telephone 5
- C. Tenant 1, Tenant 2, and Elevator Lobby 3
- D. Tenant 1, Tenant 2, Electrical/Telephone 5, and Elevator Lobby 3

Answer: A

Explanation:

The NCIDQ IDPX exam tests the designer's knowledge of BOMA (Building Owners and Managers Association) standards for calculating usable area in multi-tenant buildings. Usable area is the space a tenant can actually occupy, excluding common areas that serve the entire floor.

* BOMA Standards Overview:According to the BOMA Office Standard (ANSI/BOMA Z65.1-2017), usable area is measured from the finished surface of the tenant side of demising partitions, excluding common areas such as elevator lobbies, electrical/telephone rooms, washrooms, and stairwells that serve all tenants.
* Analysis of the Floor Plan (from previous context):The floor plan includes Tenant 1, Tenant 2, Elevator Lobby 3, Electrical/Telephone 5, washrooms, and stairwells.
* Tenant 1 and Tenant 2:These are the primary tenant spaces, which are consideredusable areas for the respective tenants.
* Elevator Lobby 3:This is a common area serving all tenants, so it is not included in the usable area of any specific tenant.
* Electrical/Telephone 5:This is a shared utility space for the building, also excluded from the usable area.
* Washrooms and Stairwells:These are common areas and are not part of the usable area.

* Option A (Tenant 1 and Tenant 2):This is the correct choice. The usable area includes only the spaces within Tenant 1 and Tenant 2, as these are the occupiable areas for the tenants, excluding all common areas.
* Option B (Tenant 1, Tenant 2, and Elevator Lobby 3):The elevator lobby is a common area and should not be included in the usable area of any tenant.
* Option C (Tenant 1, Tenant 2, and Electrical/Telephone 5):The electrical/telephone room is a common utility space and is excluded from the usable area.
* Option D (Tenant 1, Tenant 2, Electrical/Telephone 5, and Elevator Lobby 3):Both the electrical /telephone room and elevator lobby are common areas and should not be included in the usable area.
Verified Answer from Official Source:
The correct answer is verified from the BOMA Office Standard, as referenced in NCIDQ IDPX study materials.
"Usable area is the occupiable space within a tenant's demised premises, excluding common areas such as elevator lobbies, electrical/telephone rooms, washrooms, and stairwells that serve the entire floor." (ANSI /BOMA Z65.1-2017, Office Buildings: Standard Methods of Measurement, Section on Usable Area) The BOMA Office Standard defines usable area as the space within the tenant's demised premises, excluding common areas like elevator lobbies and electrical/telephone rooms. Option A correctly identifies Tenant 1 and Tenant 2 as the usable areas, excluding all common spaces.
Objectives:
* Understand BOMA standards for space measurement (NCIDQ IDPX Objective: Professional Practice).
* Apply space calculation methods to multi-tenant buildings (NCIDQ IDPX Objective: Project Planning).

NEW QUESTION # 98
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The evergreen field of CIDQ is so attractive that it provides non-stop possibilities for the one who passes the CIDQ IDPX exam. So, to be there on top of the CIDQ sector, earning the Interior Design Professional Exam (IDPX) certification is essential. Because of using outdated IDPX study material, many candidates don't get success in the Interior Design Professional Exam (IDPX) exam and lose their resources.

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