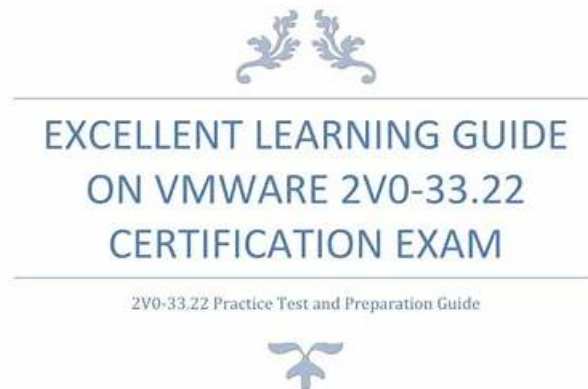


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VMware 2V0-13.25 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	Install, Configure, Administrate the VMware Solution: This section of the exam is relevant to System Administrators. Although it has no directly testable objectives, it underlines the expectation that candidates are familiar with installation, configuration, and administration tasks that form the foundation for VMware Cloud Foundation solutions.
Topic 2	IT Architectures, Technologies, Standards: This section of the exam measures the skills of IT Architects and covers the ability to distinguish business requirements from technical ones. It expects candidates to understand the differences between conceptual, logical, and physical designs while also differentiating requirements, assumptions, constraints, and risks. Core concepts of availability, manageability, performance, recoverability, and security (AMPRS) are tested. Learners also need to document risk mitigation strategies, design decisions, and create a validation strategy that ties requirements to practical implementation.
Topic 3	Plan and Design the VMware Solution: This section measures the skills of Cloud Infrastructure Designers. It focuses on gathering and analyzing business requirements and then transforming them into conceptual, logical, and physical models of VMware Cloud Foundation. Candidates are expected to identify prerequisites and make design decisions across fleet topologies, networking, management domains, workload domains, automation, and operations. The section also includes designing for availability within and across zones, creating strategies for manageability such as lifecycle, scalability, and capacity, and ensuring performance and recoverability through BCDR strategies. Additional emphasis is given to designing secure environments, workload migration strategies, and creating consumption, automation, and monitoring strategies to support modern applications and governance.
Topic 4	VMware Products and Solutions: This section of the exam evaluates the knowledge of VMware Solution Specialists and focuses on VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF). Candidates must be able to identify and differentiate between various VCF architecture options in given scenarios. The emphasis is on understanding the key products and how they integrate into enterprise design choices.
Topic 5	Troubleshoot and Optimize the VMware Solution: This section of the exam measures the skills of Operations Engineers. There are no explicitly testable objectives provided in this domain, but candidates are expected to understand troubleshooting and optimization principles to maintain the VMware environment effectively in real-world deployments.

VMware Cloud Foundation 9.0 Architect Sample Questions (Q67-Q72):

NEW QUESTION # 67

Which VMware tools contribute to automating resource management in VMware Cloud Foundation?

- A. VMware vRealize Operations
- B. VMware vSphere
- C. VMware vRealize Automation
- D. VMware vRealize Orchestrator

Answer: A,C,D

Explanation:

VMware Cloud Foundation benefits from automation through tools like vRealize Automation, Orchestrator, and Operations.

NEW QUESTION # 68

A company is deploying a new VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) environment to support their growing infrastructure requirements. The company is planning to scale their environment over time by adding more workload domains as new applications and departments are onboarded.

The company requires that the architecture must be highly scalable and flexible, able to accommodate both current and future demands. They also require a seamless transition when adding new workload domains.

Which design decisions should the architect make to meet the stated scalability requirements and facilitate the future growth?

- A. Use multiple workload domains for each department and ensure that each workload domain is independently scaled.
- B. Use a single workload domain and rely on storage and network scaling to accommodate future growth.
- C. Use multiple workload domains for each department but combine them into a single vSphere cluster to reduce complexity.
- D. Use a single workload domain for all departments and increase the size of the vSphere clusters as the demand grows.

Answer: A

Explanation:

VMware Cloud Foundation scales using workload domains (WLDs). Each WLD provides its own vCenter Server, NSX Manager, and lifecycle independence through SDDC Manager.

* By using multiple WLDs for each department, the architecture supports independent scaling, policy separation, and lifecycle management.

* Option A or C restricts flexibility as all tenants would share a single WLD, leading to lifecycle constraints and "noisy neighbor" issues.

* Option D contradicts best practices: multiple departments should not share a single cluster inside a WLD when separation and lifecycle flexibility are required.

This design ensures seamless addition of new workload domains as departments and applications grow.

Reference: VMware Cloud Foundation 9.0 Design Guide - Workload Domain Scalability and Independence.

NEW QUESTION # 69

How does Broadcom hardware improve VMware vRealize Automation (vRA) performance?

- A. Optimized network traffic
- B. Data protection
- C. High-speed storage
- D. Scalability for automation workflows

Answer: A,B,C,D

Explanation:

Broadcom hardware enhances vRealize Automation performance by improving storage speed, network traffic optimization, scalability, and data protection.

NEW QUESTION # 70

An architect is documenting the design for a new VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) solution and makes the following design decision:

* Two vSphere clusters will be deployed within the single VI workload domain.

What statement should the architect include as an implication of this design decision?

- A. Deploying multiple clusters in the single VI workload domain reduces the number of vCenter Server instances that must be managed.
- B. If the solution needs to be scaled at a future date, additional VI workload domains can be deployed.
- C. All clusters within the single VI workload domain must use vSAN as their principal storage type.
- D. Deploying multiple clusters within the single VI workload domain meets the requirement to segregate Production and Development workloads.

Answer: A

Explanation:

In VMware Cloud Foundation, each VI workload domain is backed by a single vCenter Server instance. By deploying multiple clusters within the same VI workload domain, the architect can support multiple use cases (e.g., separating prod/dev), without provisioning new vCenters. This design reduces management overhead and operational complexity.

However, if stricter separation is needed (e.g., multi-tenancy or lifecycle independence), separate workload domains may be more suitable. While vSAN is the default, it's not mandatory unless vSAN Ready Nodes are used for bring-up.

Reference: VMware Cloud Foundation Logical Design Guide - Workload Domain and Cluster Design Principles

NEW QUESTION # 71

Which actions can help optimize VMware storage performance when using Broadcom RAID controllers?

- [illegible]