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Adobe Commerce Developer Professional Sample Questions (Q106-Q111):

NEW QUESTION # 106

An Adobe Commerce developer creates a new website using a data patch. Each website will have unique pricing by website. The developer does not have visibility into the production and staging environments so they do not know what the configuration currently is.

How would they ensure the configuration is deployed and consistent across all environments?

- A.

Run the CLI command below and commit the changes to the repository:

```
bin/magento config:set catalog/price/scope 1
```

- B.

Create a custom module and override the value in config.xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<config xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="urn:magento:module:Magento_Store:etc/c
<default>
    <catalog>
        <price>
            <scope>1</scope>
        </price>
    </catalog>
</default>
</config>
```

- C.

Run the CLI command below and commit the changes to the repository:

```
bin/magento config:set catalog/price/scope 1 --lock-config
```

Answer: C

Explanation:

The correct answer is Option A. This approach ensures that the configuration is set using the CLI with the --lock-config flag, which prevents the setting from being overridden by configuration changes in other environments.

* Understanding the Configuration Requirement:

* The developer needs to ensure consistent configuration across all environments without visibility into them. This calls for a method that can enforce configuration at a system level.

* Setting catalog/price/scope to 1 configures pricing to be scoped at the website level, as required.

* Using the CLI with --lock-config:

* The command bin/magento config:set catalog/price/scope 1 --lock-config not only sets the configuration but also locks it. This lock ensures that the setting will not be inadvertently changed by system configuration settings in other environments.

* By locking the configuration, the value becomes consistent across all environments and is stored in app/etc/config.php, which can be committed to version control and deployed across environments.

* Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

* Option B: While this option sets the configuration, it lacks the --lock-config flag. Without locking, the setting can still be overridden or altered in other environments, which does not guarantee consistency.

* Option C: Modifying the config.xml for setting catalog/price/scope could be an approach, but this method is not environment-proof. It also doesn't provide the same guarantee as using --lock-config, which explicitly prevents environment-specific changes from altering the configuration.

NEW QUESTION # 107

Which attribute option restricts Catalog EAV attributes to only certain product types?

- A. allowed_in
- B. show_in
- C. apply_to

Answer: C

Explanation:

The apply_to_attribute option in Magento's Catalog EAV model restricts the use of certain attributes to specific product types. By specifying product types in the apply_to field, developers can control which attributes are applicable to which types of products, ensuring that attributes are only available where they are relevant and meaningful.

NEW QUESTION # 108

An Adobe Commerce developer is creating a new console command to perform a complex task with a lot of potential terminal output. If an error occurs, they want to provide a message that has higher visibility than some of the other content that may be appearing, so they want to ensure it is highlighted in red (as seen in the screenshot):



```
Some innocuous output...
A critical error has occurred.
```

How can they customize the appearance of this message?

- A. Call the setDecorationType(Style) method On the Symfony\Console\Output\OutputInterface Object before Calling

writeln().

- B. Wrap the output content in tags like <error>, <info>, or <comment>.
- C. Throw a new commandException with the desired message passed as an argument.

Answer: B

Explanation:

In Adobe Commerce, when developing custom console commands, you can customize output messages by using special tags provided by Symfony Console, which Adobe Commerce relies on. These tags are designed to help differentiate types of messages and can be used to add color or emphasis to the output, enhancing visibility.

For critical error messages, wrapping the message in the <error> tag will display it in red, as shown in your screenshot. The available tags include:

* <error> for red-colored error messages.

* <info> for informational messages (often displayed in blue).

* <comment> for comments or warnings (usually yellow).

\$output->writeln('<error>A critical error has occurred.</error>');

This method is effective and widely used for output customization in Symfony-based console commands.

Additional Resources:

* Adobe Commerce Developer Guide: Console Command Customization

* Symfony Console Output Formatting

NEW QUESTION # 109

An Adobe Commerce developer was asked to provide additional information on a quote. When getting several quotes, the extension attributes are returned, however, when getting a single quote it fails to be returned.

What is one reason the extension attributes are missing?

- A. The developer neglected to add collection='true' to their attribute in etc/extension_attributes.xml file.
ottribute code='my_attributes' type='MyVendor\MyModule\Api\Data\

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