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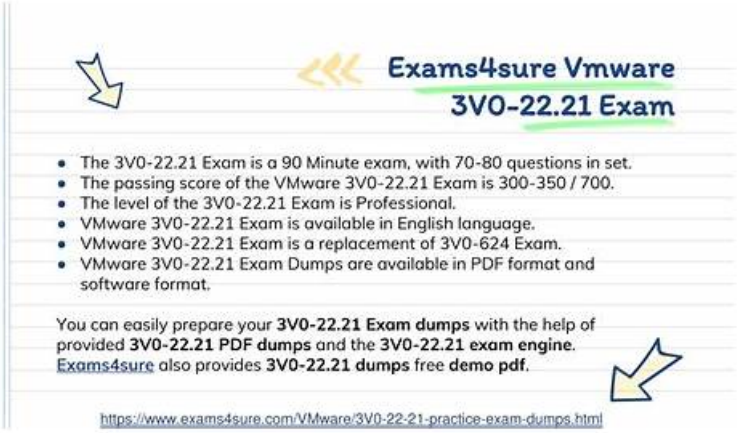

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VMware 3V0-41.22 Advanced Deploy VMware NSX-T Data Center 3.X Exam is a highly desired certification for professionals who want to showcase their expertise in deploying VMware NSX-T Data Center technology. Advanced Deploy VMware NSX-T Data Center 3.X certification validates your skills in configuring and deploying NSX-T Data Center 3.x technology in a virtualized data center environment. It is designed for professionals who have acquired a VMware Certified Professional 6 (VCP6) or a VMware Certified Professional 7 (VCP7) certification in Data Center Virtualization, Cloud Management and Automation, Desktop and Mobility or Network Virtualization.

VMware 3V0-41.22 Certification is a valuable credential for IT professionals who want to demonstrate their expertise in NSX-T Data Center 3.X deployment and management. Advanced Deploy VMware NSX-T Data Center 3.X certification is recognized globally and can help professionals advance their career in the field of networking and virtualization. Moreover, the certification also validates the candidate's skills and knowledge of VMware products and technologies, making them a valuable asset for any organization.

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VMware Advanced Deploy VMware NSX-T Data Center 3.X Sample Questions (Q11-Q16):

NEW QUESTION # 11
SIMULATION
Task 1
You are asked to prepare a VMware NSX-T Data Center ESXi compute cluster Infrastructure. You will prepare two ESXi servers in a cluster for NSX-T overlay and VLAN use.
All configuration should be done using the NSX UI.
* NOTE: The configuration details in this task may not be presented to you in the order in which you must complete them.

* Configure a new Transport Node profile and add one n-VDS switch. Ensure Uplink 1 and Uplink 2 of your configuration use vmnic2 and vmnic3 on the host.

Complete the requested task.
NOTE: Passwords are contained in the user_readme.txt. Configuration details may not be provided in the correct sequential order. Steps to complete this task must be completed in the proper order. Other tasks are dependent on the completion Of this task. You may want to move to other tasks/steps while waiting for configuration changes to be applied. This task should take approximately 20 minutes to complete.

Answer:

Explanation:
See the Explanation part of the Complete Solution and step by step instructions Explanation:
To prepare a VMware NSX-T Data Center ESXi compute cluster infrastructure, you need to follow these steps:
Log in to the NSX Manager UI with admin credentials. The default URL is https://<nsx-manager-ip-address>.
Navigate to System > Fabric > Profiles > Transport Node Profiles and click Add Profile.
Enter a name and an optional description for the transport node profile.
In the Host Switches section, click Set and select N-VDS as the host switch type.
Enter a name for the N-VDS switch and select the mode as Standard or Enhanced Datapath, depending on your requirements.
Select the transport zones that you want to associate with the N-VDS switch. You can select one overlay transport zone and one or more VLAN transport zones.
Select an uplink profile from the drop-down menu or create a custom one by clicking New Uplink Profile.
In the IP Assignment section, select Use IP Pool and choose an existing IP pool from the drop-down menu or create a new one by clicking New IP Pool.
In the Physical NICs section, map the uplinks to the physical NICs on the host. For example, map Uplink 1 to vmnic2 and Uplink 2 to vmnic3.
Click Apply and then click Save to create the transport node profile.
Navigate to System > Fabric > Nodes > Host Transport Nodes and click Add Host Transport Node.
Select vCenter Server as the compute manager and select the cluster that contains the two ESXi servers that you want to prepare for NSX-T overlay and VLAN use.
Select the transport node profile that you created in the previous steps and click Next.
Review the configuration summary and click Finish to start the preparation process.
The preparation process may take some time to complete. You can monitor the progress and status of the host transport nodes on the Host Transport Nodes page. Once the preparation is complete, you will see two host transport nodes with a green status icon and a Connected state. You have successfully prepared a VMware NSX-T Data Center ESXi compute cluster infrastructure using a transport node profile.

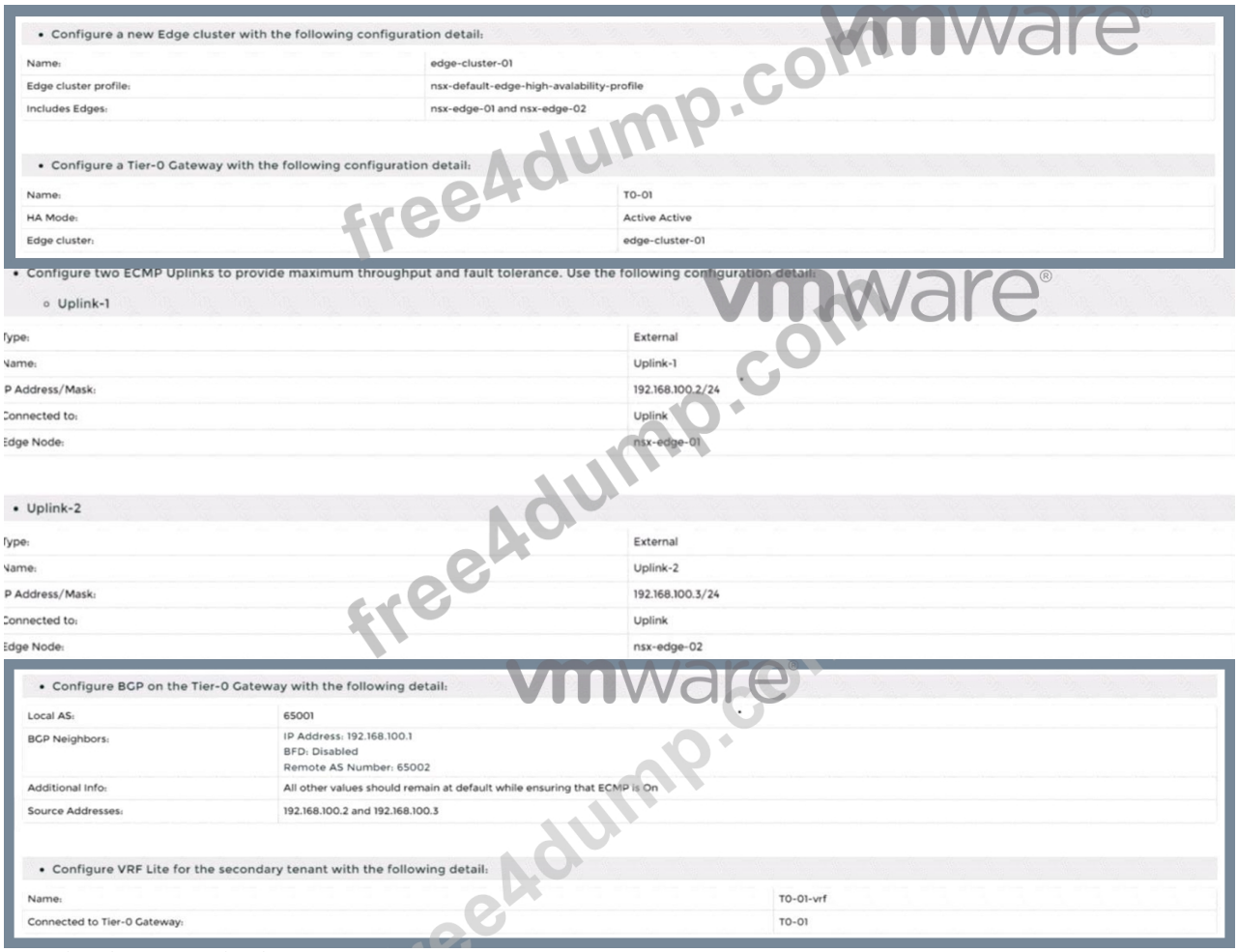
NEW QUESTION # 12

Task 15
You have been asked to enable logging so that the global operations team can view inv Realize Log Insight that their Service Level Agreements are being met for all network traffic that is going in and out of the NSX environment. This NSX environment is an Active / Active two Data Center design utilizing N-VDSwith BCP.
You need to ensure successful logging for the production NSX-T environment.
You need to:
Verify via putty with SSH that the administrator can connect to all NSX-Transport Nodes. You will use the credentials identified in Putty (admin).
Verify that there is no current active logging enabled by reviewing that directory is empty -/var/log/syslog-
Enable NSX Manager Cluster logging
Select multiple configuration choices that could be appropriate success criteria Enable NSX Edge Node logging Validate logs are generated on each selected appliance by reviewing the "/var/log/syslog" Complete the requested task.
Notes: Passwords are contained in the user _ readme.txt. complete.
These task steps are dependent on one another. This task should take approximately 10 minutes to complete.

Answer:

Explanation:
See the Explanation part of the Complete Solution and step by step instructions.
Explanation
To enable logging for the production NSX-T environment, you need to follow these steps:
Verify via putty with SSH that the administrator can connect to all NSX-Transport Nodes. You can use the credentials identified in Putty (admin) to log in to each transport node. For example, you can use the following command to connect to the sfo01w01en01 edge transport node:ssh admin@sfo01w01en01.
You should see a welcome message and a prompt to enter commands.
Verify that there is no current active logging enabled by reviewing that directory is empty -/var/log/syslog-. You can use thelscommand to list the files in the /var/log/syslog directory. For example, you can use the following command to check the sfo01w01en01 edge transport node:ls /var/log/syslog. You should see an empty output if there is no active logging enabled.
Enable NSX Manager Cluster logging. You can use thesearch_web("NSX Manager Cluster logging configuration")tool to find some information on how to configure remote logging for NSX Manager Cluster. One of the results isNSX-T Syslog Configuration Revisited - vDives, which provides the following steps:
Navigate to System > Fabric > Profiles > Node Profiles then select All NSX Nodes then under Syslog Servers click +ADD Enter the IP or FQDN of the syslog server, the Port and Protocol and the desired Log Level then click ADD Select multiple configuration choices that could be appropriate success criteria. You can use thesearch_web("NSX-T logging success criteria")tool to find some information on how to verify and troubleshoot logging for NSX-T. Some of the possible success criteria are:
The syslog server receives log messages from all NSX nodes
The log messages contain relevant information such as timestamp, hostname, facility, severity, message ID, and message content The log messages are formatted and filtered according to the configured settings The log messages are encrypted and authenticated if using secure protocols such as TLS or LI-TLS Enable NSX Edge Node logging. You can use thesearch_web("NSX Edge Node logging configuration")tool to find some information on how to configure remote logging for NSX Edge Node.
One of the results isConfigure Remote Logging - VMware Docs, which provides the following steps:
Run the following command to configure a log server and the types of messages to send to the log server. Multiple facilities or message IDs can be specified as a comma delimited list, without spaces.
set logging-server <hostname-or-ip-address [:port]> proto <proto> level <level> [facility <facility>]
[messageid <messageid>] [serverca <filename>] [clientca <filename>] [certificate <filename>] [key
<filename>] [structured-data <structured-data>]
Validate logs are generated on each selected appliance by reviewing the "/var/log/syslog". You can use thecatortailcommands to view the contents of the /var/log/syslog file on each appliance. For example, you can use the following command to view the last 10 lines of the sfo01w01en01 edge transport node:tail -n 10 /var/log/syslog. You should see log messages similar to this:
2023-04-06T12:34:56+00:00 sfo01w01en01 user.info nsx-edge[1234]: 2023-04-06T12:34:56Z nsx-edge[1234]: INFO: [nsx@6876 comp="nsx-edge" subcomp="nsx-edge" level="INFO" security="False"] Message from nsx-edge You have successfully enabled logging for the production NSX-T environment.

NEW QUESTION # 13
Task 3
You are asked to deploy a new instance of NSX-T into an environment with two isolated tenants. These tenants each have separate physical data center cores and have standardized on BCP as a routing protocol.
You need to:



Complete the requested task.
Notes: Passwords are Contained in the user_readme.txt. Task 3 is dependent on the Completion Of Task and 2.
Other tasks are dependent On the Completion Of this task. Do not wait for configuration changes to be applied in this task as processing may take up to 10 minutes to complete. Check back on completion. This task should take approximately 10 minutes to complete.

Answer:

Explanation:
See the Explanation part of the Complete Solution and step by step instructions.
Explanation
To deploy a new instance of NSX-T into an environment with two isolated tenants, you need to follow these steps:
Log in to the NSX Manager UI with admin credentials. The default URL is https://<nsx-manager-ip-address>.
Navigate to System > Fabric > Nodes > Edge Transport Nodes and click Add Edge VM.
Enter a name and an optional description for the edge VM. Select the compute manager, cluster, and resource pool where you want to deploy the edge VM. Click Next.
Select the deployment size and form factor for the edge VM. For this task, you can select Medium as the size and VM as the form factor. Click Next.
Select the datastore and folder where you want to store the edge VM files. Click Next.
Configure the management network settings for the edge VM. Enter a hostname, a management IP address, a default gateway, a DNS server, and a domain search list. Optionally, you can enable SSH and join the edge VM to a domain. Click Next.
Configure the transport network settings for the edge VM. Select an N-VDS as the host switch type and enter a name for it. Select an uplink profile from the drop-down menu or create a new one by clicking New Uplink Profile. Map the uplinks to the physical NICs on the edge VM. For example, map Uplink 1 to fp-eth0 and Uplink 2 to fp-eth1. Optionally, you can configure IP assignment, MTU, or LLDP for the uplinks. Click Next.
Review the configuration summary and click Finish to deploy the edge VM.
Repeat steps 2 to 8 to deploy another edge VM for redundancy.
Navigate to Networking > Tier-0 Gateway and click Add Gateway > VRF.
Enter a name and an optional description for the VRF gateway. Select an existing tier-0 gateway as the parent gateway or create a new one by clicking New Tier-0 Gateway.

Click VRF Settings and enter a VRF ID for the tenant. Optionally, you can enable EVPN settings if you want to use EVPN as the control plane protocol for VXLAN overlay networks.
Click Save to create the VRF gateway.
Repeat steps 10 to 13 to create another VRF gateway for the second tenant with a different VRF ID.
Navigate to Networking > Segments and click Add Segment.
Enter a name and an optional description for the segment. Select VLAN as the connectivity option and enter a VLAN ID for the segment. For example, enter 128 for Tenant A's first uplink VLAN segment.
Select an existing transport zone from the drop-down menu or create a new one by clicking New Transport Zone.
Click Save to create the segment.
Repeat steps 15 to 18 to create three more segments for Tenant A's second uplink VLAN segment (VLAN ID 129) and Tenant B's uplink VLAN segments (VLAN ID 158 and 159).
Navigate to Networking > Tier-0 Gateway and select the VRF gateway that you created for Tenant A.
Click Interfaces > Set > Add Interface.
Enter a name and an optional description for the interface.
Enter the IP address and mask for the external interface in CIDR format, such as 10.10.10.1/24.
In Type, select External.
In Connected To (Segment), select the VLAN segment that you created for Tenant A's first uplink VLAN segment (VLAN ID 128).
Select an edge node where you want to attach the interface, such as Edge-01.
Enter the Access VLAN ID from the list as configured for the segment, such as 128.
Click Save and then Close.
Repeat steps 21 to 28 to create another interface for Tenant A's second uplink VLAN segment (VLAN ID 129) on another edge node, such as Edge-02.
Repeat steps 20 to 29 to create two interfaces for Tenant B's uplink VLAN segments (VLAN ID 158 and 159) on each edge node using their respective VRF gateway and IP addresses.
Configure BGP on each VRF gateway using NSX UI or CLI commands12.You need to specify the local AS number, remote AS number, BGP neighbors, route redistribution, route filters, timers, authentication, graceful restart, etc., according to your requirements34.
Configure BGP on each physical router using their respective CLI commands56.You need to specify similar parameters as in step 31 and ensure that they match with their corresponding VRF gateway settings78.
Verify that BGP sessions are established between each VRF gateway and its physical router neighbors using NSX UI or CLI commands . You can also check the routing tables and BGP statistics on each device .
You have successfully deployed a new instance of NSX-T into an environment with two isolated tenants using VRF Lite and BGP.

NEW QUESTION # 14
SIMULATION
Task 8
You are tasked With troubleshooting the NSX IPSec VPN service Which has been reported down. Verify the current NSX configuration is deployed and resolve any issues.
You need to:
* Verify the present configuration as provided below:

NSX IPSec Session Name:	IPSEC
Remote IP:	192.168.140.2
Local Networks:	10.10.10.0/24
Remove Networks:	10.10.20.0/24
Pre-shared Key:	VMware1!VMware1!

Complete the requested task.
Notes: Passwords are contained in the user_readme.txt. This task is not dependent on another. This task Should take approximately 15 minutes to complete.

Answer:

Explanation:
See the Explanation part of the Complete Solution and step by step instructions Explanation:
To troubleshoot the NSX IPSec VPN service that has been reported down, you need to follow these steps:
Log in to the NSX Manager UI with admin credentials. The default URL is https://<nsx-manager-ip-address>.
Navigate to Networking > VPN > IPSec VPN and select the IPSec VPN session that is down. You can identify the session by its name, local endpoint, remote endpoint, and status.
Click Show IPSec Statistics and view the details of the IPSec VPN session failure. You can see the error message, the tunnel state, the IKE and ESP status, and the statistics of the traffic sent and received.

Compare the configuration details of the IPSec VPN session with the expected configuration as provided below. Check for any discrepancies or errors in the parameters such as local and remote endpoints, local and remote networks, IKE and ESP profiles, etc.
If you find any configuration errors, click Actions > Edit and modify the parameters accordingly. Click Save to apply the changes.
If you do not find any configuration errors, check the connectivity and firewall rules between the local and remote endpoints. You can use ping or traceroute commands from the NSX Edge CLI to test the connectivity. You can also use show service ipsec command to check the status of IPSec VPN service on the NSX Edge.
If you find any connectivity or firewall issues, resolve them by adjusting the network settings or firewall rules on the NSX Edge or the third-party device.
After resolving the issues, verify that the IPSec VPN session is up and running by refreshing the IPSec VPN page on the NSX Manager UI. You can also use show service ipsec sp and show service ipsec sa commands on the NSX Edge CLI to check the status of security policy and security association for the IPSec VPN session.

NEW QUESTION # 15
SIMULATION
Task 10
You have been notified by the Web Team that they cannot get to any northbound networks from their Tampa web servers that are deployed on an NSX-T network segment. The Tampa web VM's however can access each other.
You need to:
* Troubleshoot to find out why the Tampa web servers cannot communicate to any northbound networks and resolve the issue.
Complete the requested task. TO verify your work. ping the Control Center @ 192.168.110.10 Notes: Passwords are contained in the user_readme.txt. This task is dependent on Task 4. Some exam candidates may have already completed this task if they had done more than the minimum required in Task 4. This task should take approximately 15 minutes to complete.

Answer:

Explanation:
See the Explanation part of the Complete Solution and step by step instructions Explanation:
To troubleshoot why the Tampa web servers cannot communicate to any northbound networks, you need to follow these steps:
Log in to the NSX Manager UI with admin credentials. The default URL is https://<nsx-manager-ip-address>.
Navigate to Networking > Tier-0 Gateway and select the tier-0 gateway that connects the NSX-T network segment to the northbound networks. For example, select T0-GW-01.
Click Interfaces > Set and verify the configuration details of the interfaces. Check for any discrepancies or errors in the parameters such as IP address, subnet mask, MTU, etc.
If you find any configuration errors, click Edit and modify the parameters accordingly. Click Save to apply the changes.
If you do not find any configuration errors, check the connectivity and firewall rules between the tier-0 gateway and the northbound networks. You can use ping or traceroute commands from the NSX Edge CLI or the vSphere Web Client to test the connectivity. You can also use show service router command to check the status of the routing service on the NSX Edge.
If you find any connectivity or firewall issues, resolve them by adjusting the network settings or firewall rules on the NSX Edge or the northbound devices.
After resolving the issues, verify that the Tampa web servers can communicate to any northbound networks by pinging the Control Center @ 192.168.110.10 from one of the web servers.

NEW QUESTION # 16
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